

# Electrónica programable para óptica

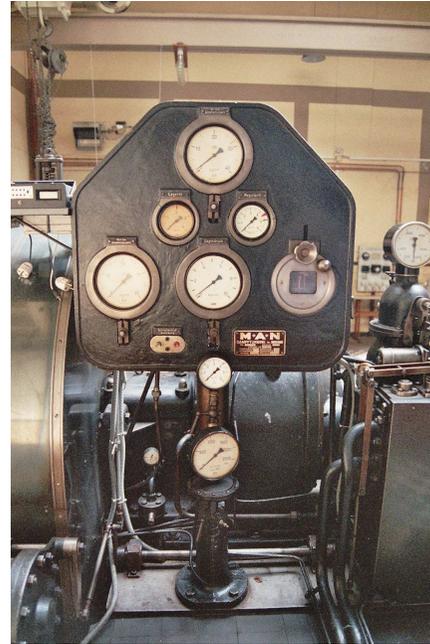
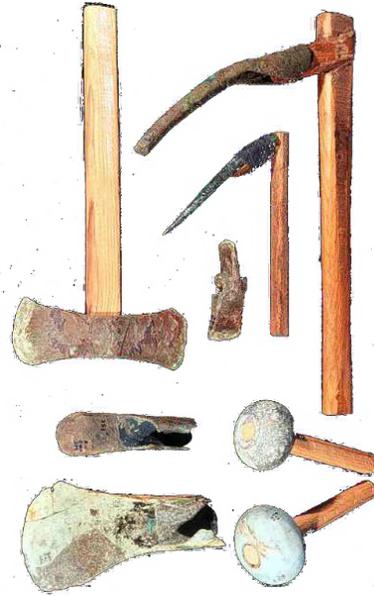
A gorilla is shown in a savanna-like environment, holding a bone in its raised right hand. The gorilla is dark brown and has a serious expression. In the background, there are trees and a bright sky with some clouds. In the foreground, a large, light-colored skull is visible on the ground to the right of the gorilla.

Marcelo Luda\*, Matías Risaro, Jorge Codnia

Láseres moleculares - Citedef

\* [mluda@citedef.gob.ar](mailto:mluda@citedef.gob.ar)

# Tecnología e instrumentación

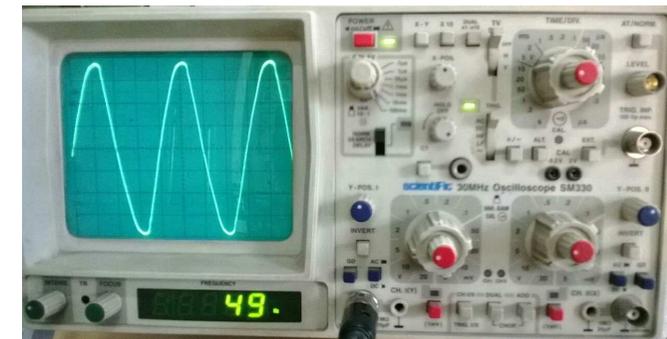


Tecnología

Herramientas

Desarrollo productivo

Instrumentación



# Embebidos - ¿Industria 4.0?

"Era de la información"

**Embebidos:**  
computadora  
+  
electrónica específica



Red Pitaya



Raspberry Pi



# Resumen del taller de electrónica programable

## **Charla:**

¿Que es SoC y FPGA?

Aplicaciones en óptica e instrumentación

## **mini-clase**

Introducción a la programación en Verilog

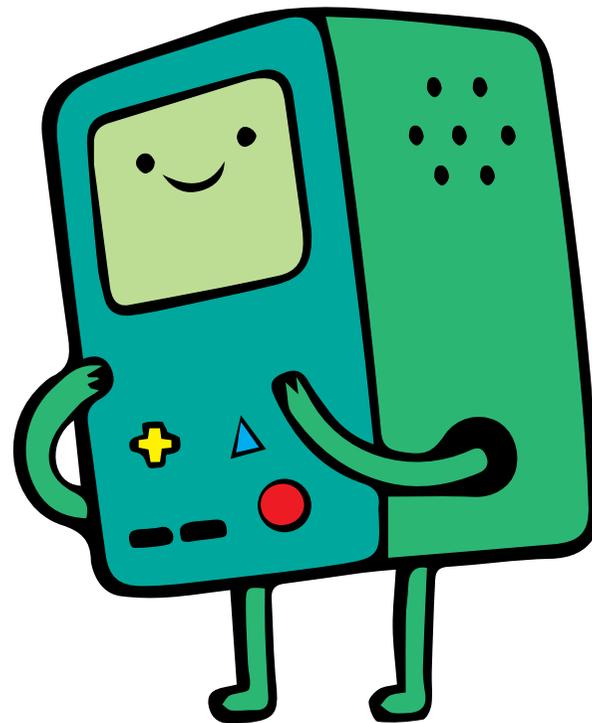
Framework para FPGA en Red Pitaya

## **Actividad práctica:**

### **desarrollamos una herramienta**

Programar la capa FPGA de una Red Pitaya para procesamiento de señales

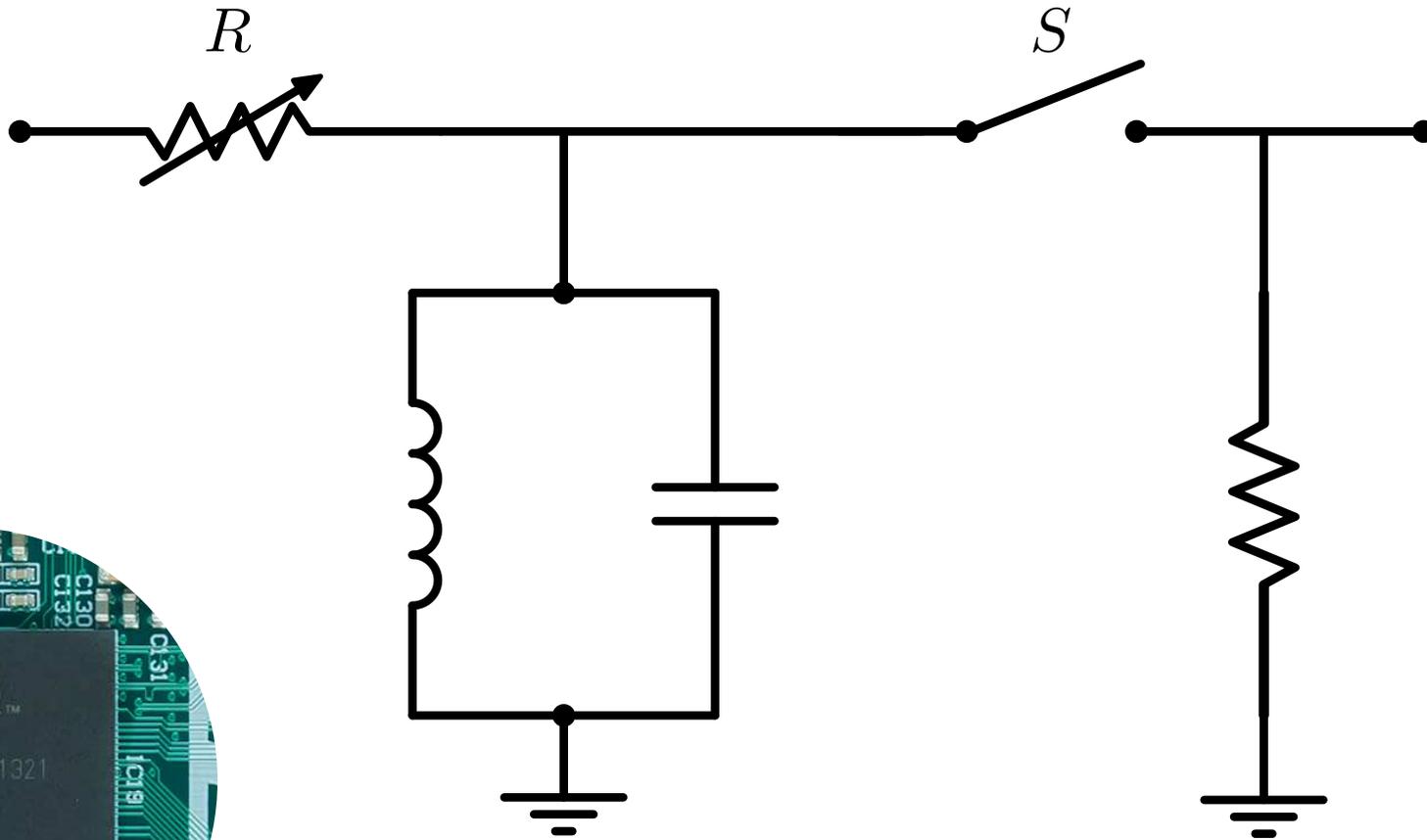
## ¿Que es Electrónica Programable?



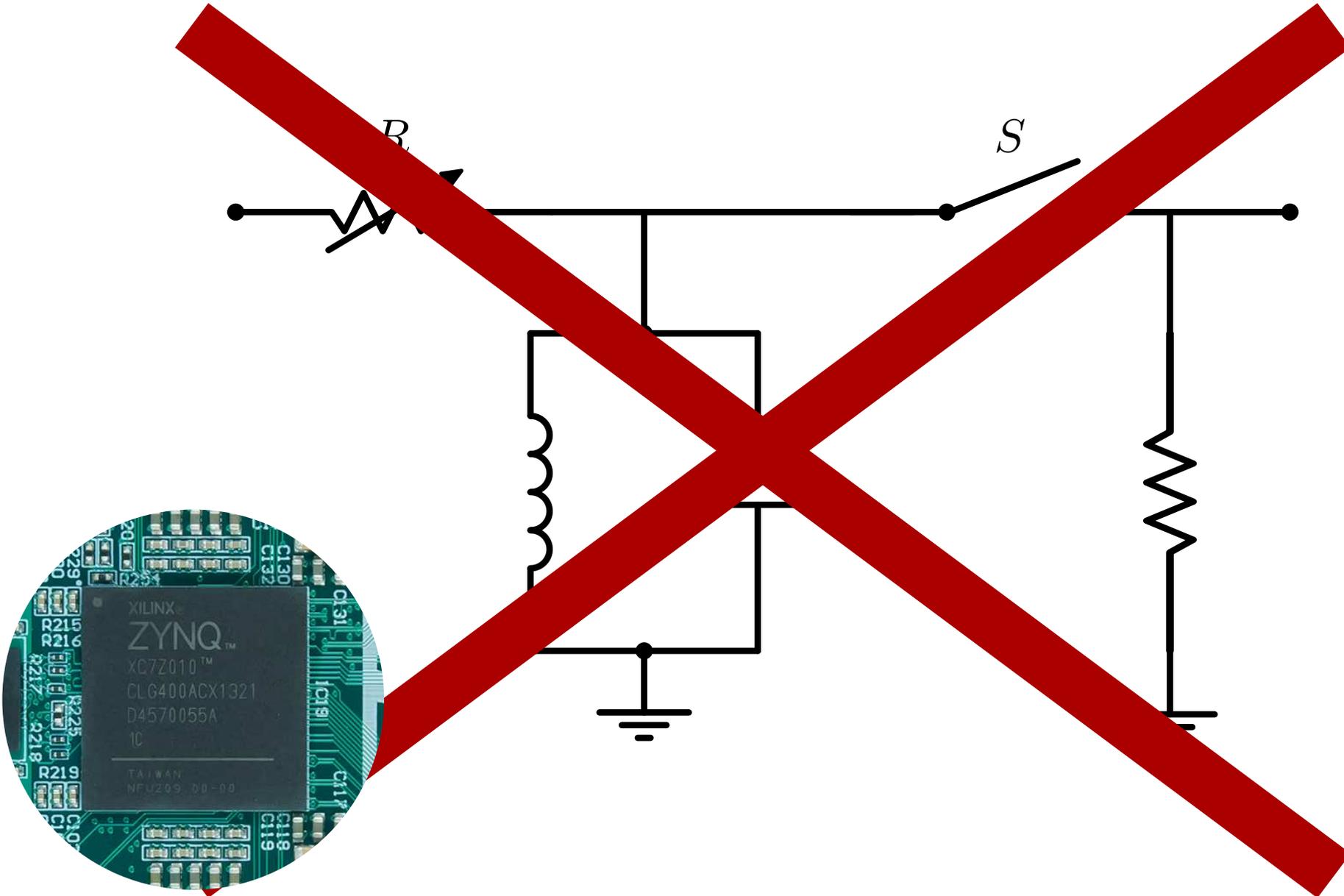
## ¿Que es FPGA?

"**F**ield-**P**rogrammable **G**ate **A**rray"

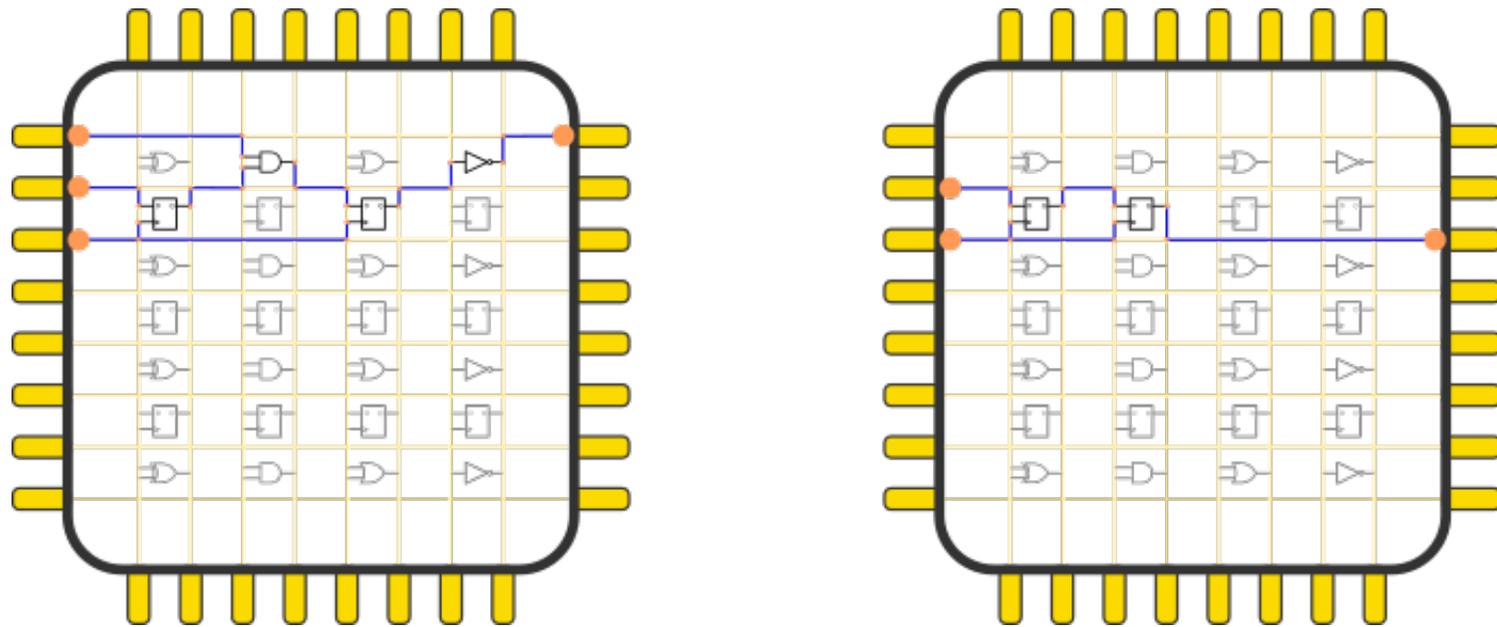
## ¿Que es Electrónica Programable?



## ¿Que es Electrónica Programable?

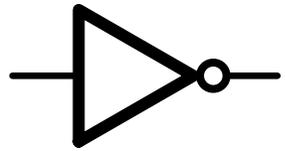


## ¿Que es Electrónica Programable?

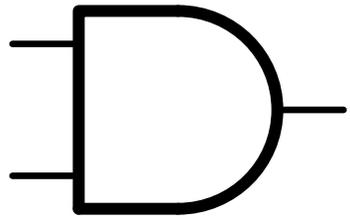


- Cableado físico de componentes
- Circuitos de lógica digital

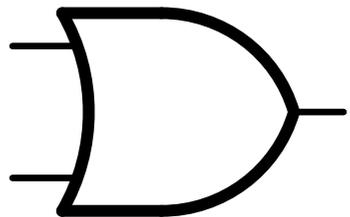
# Lógica digital



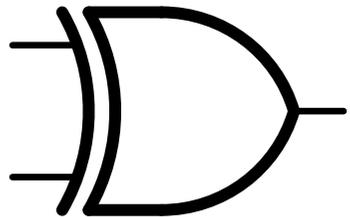
NOT



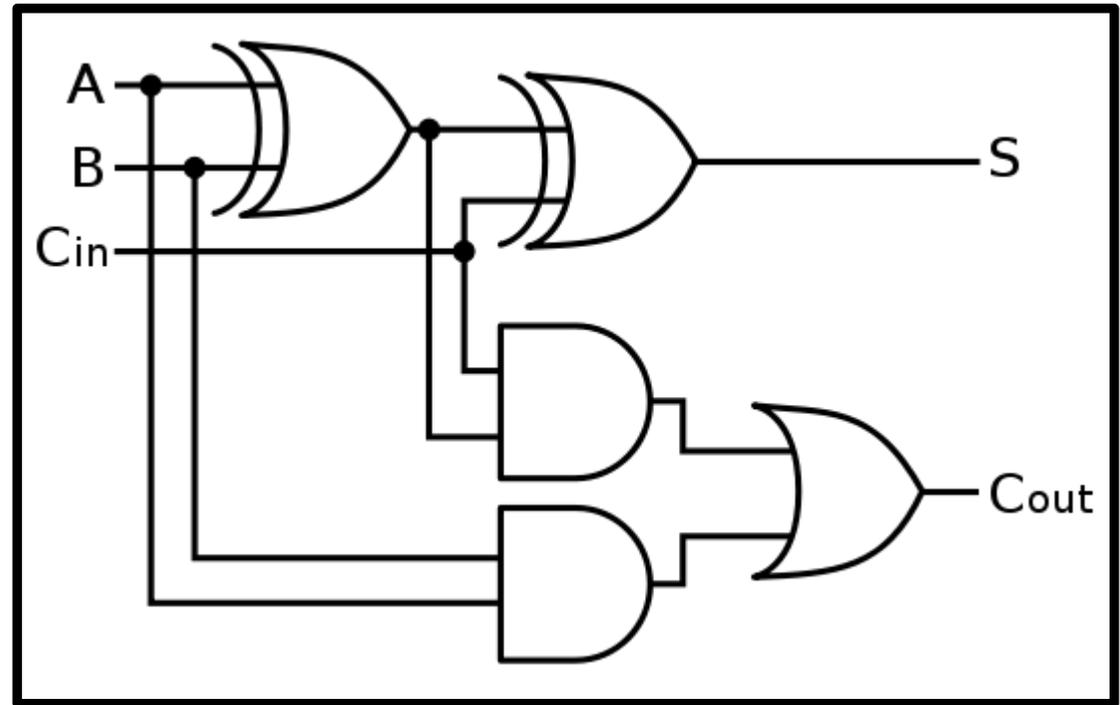
AND



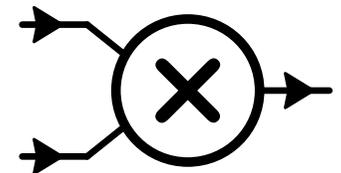
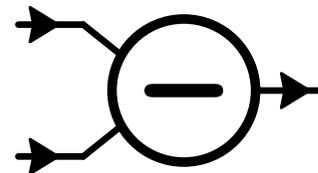
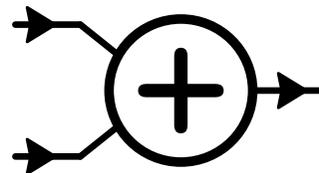
OR



XOR



Circuito sumador



¿Para que sirve?

**Procesamiento de señales**

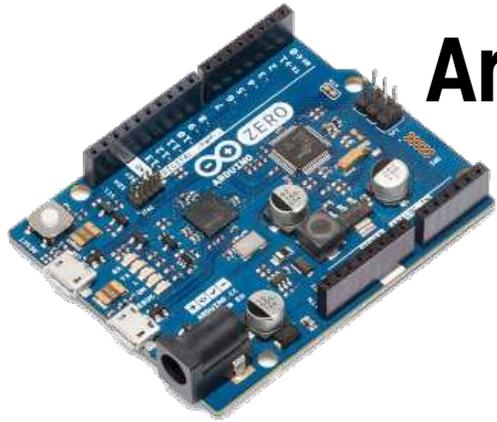
**Control**

**Instrumentación**

**Adquisición**

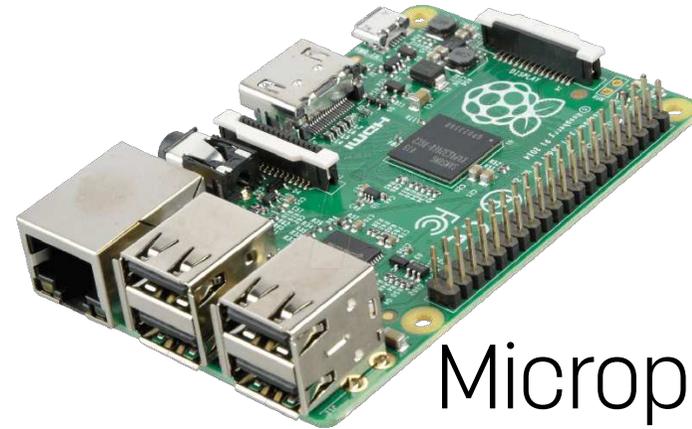


# Instrumentación con microelectrónica



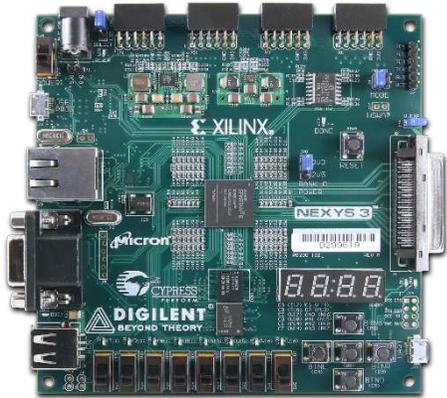
**Arduino**

Microcontrolador



**Raspberry**

Microprocesador

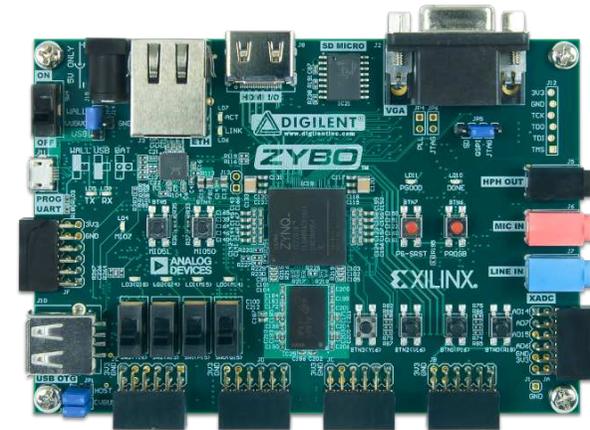


**Nexys3**

FPGA "pura"

**Zybo**

Micro+FPGA



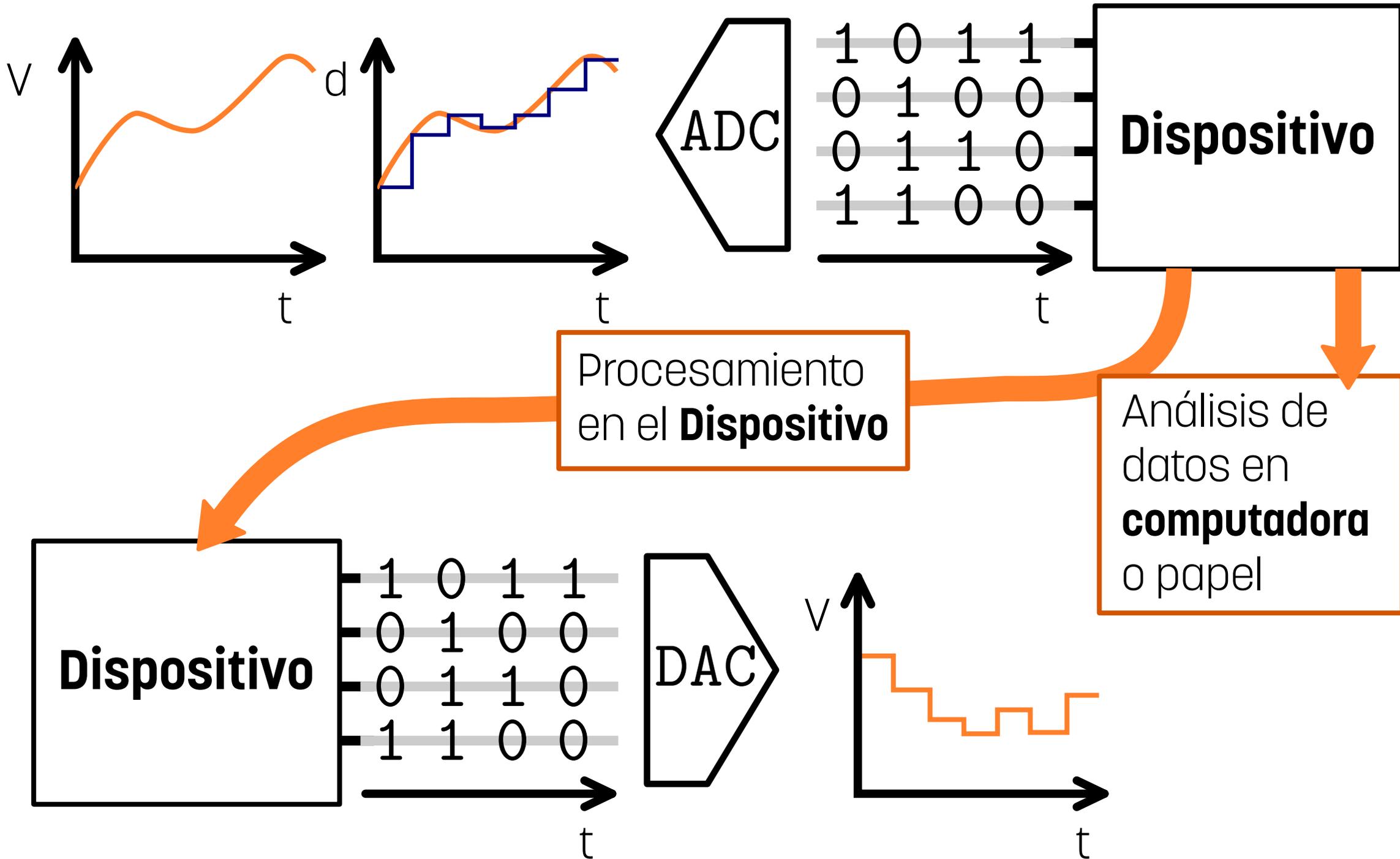
**Red Pitaya**

Micro+FPGA

Orientada a procesamiento analógico

Parte en software libre → Comunidad

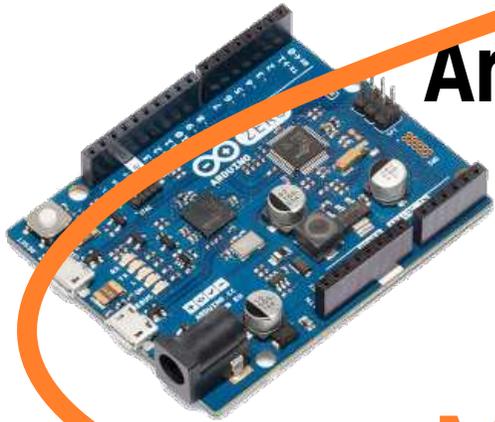
# Adquisición, procesamiento y control



# Instrumentación con microelectrónica

**Arduino**

Microcontrolador



**Raspberry**

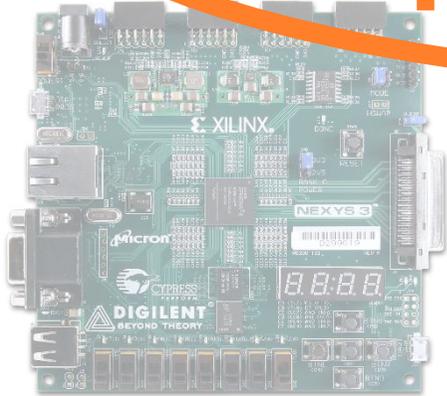
Microprocesador



**Microprocesadores**

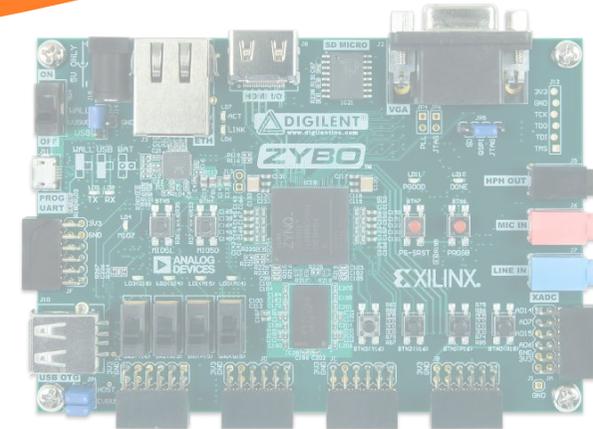
**Nexys3**

FPGA "pura"



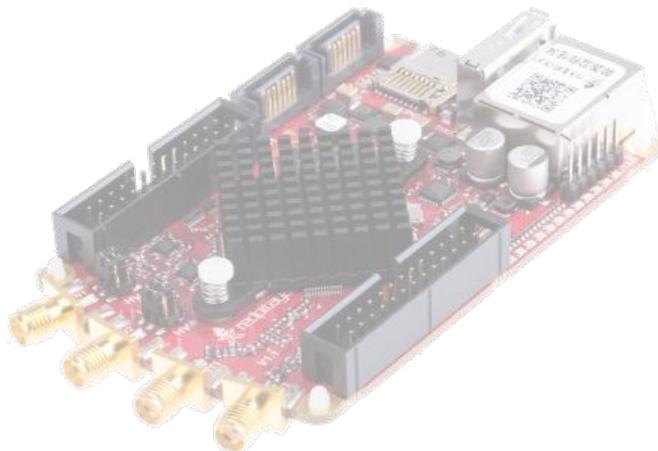
**Zybo**

Micro+FPGA



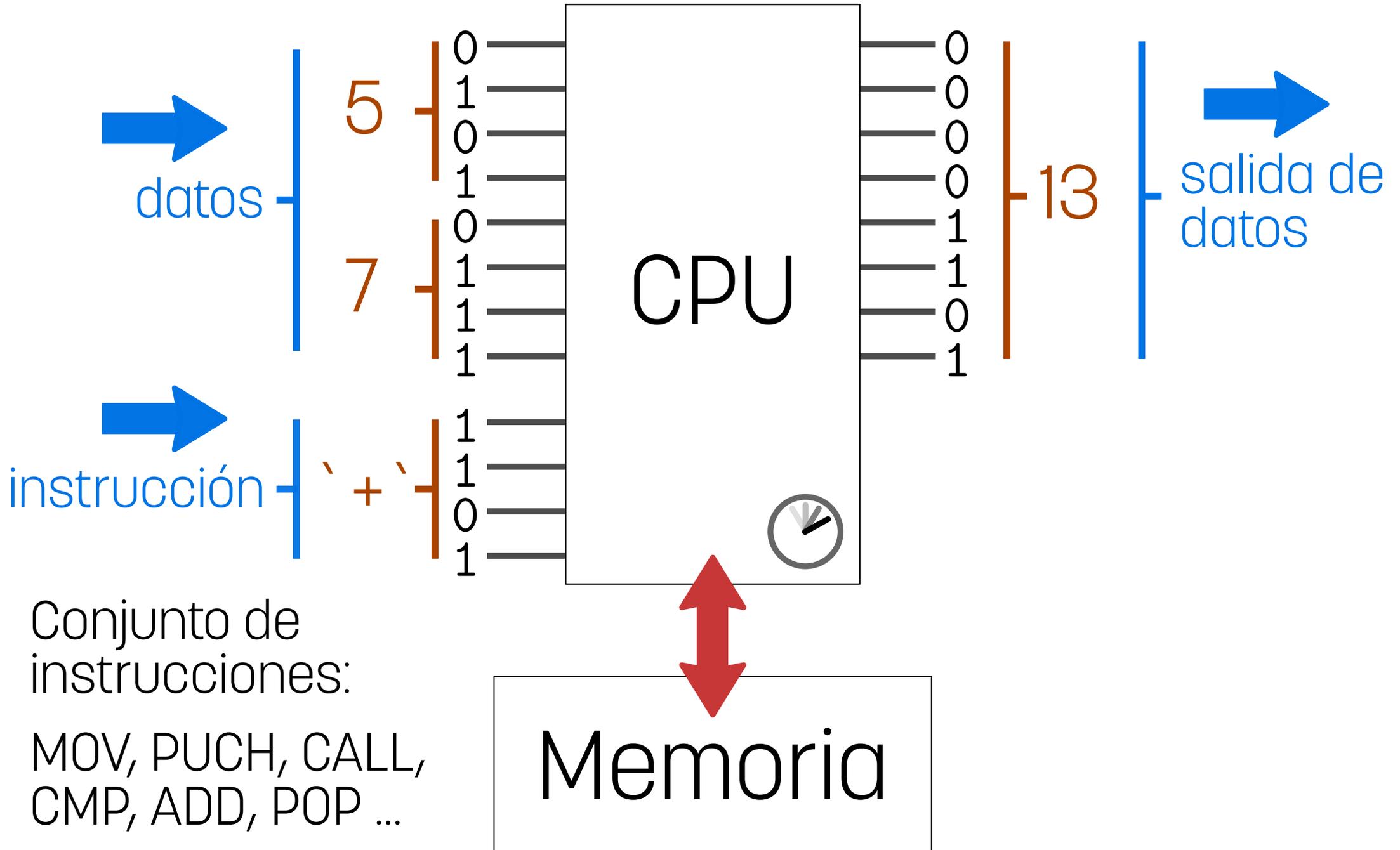
**Red Pitaya**

Micro+FPGA

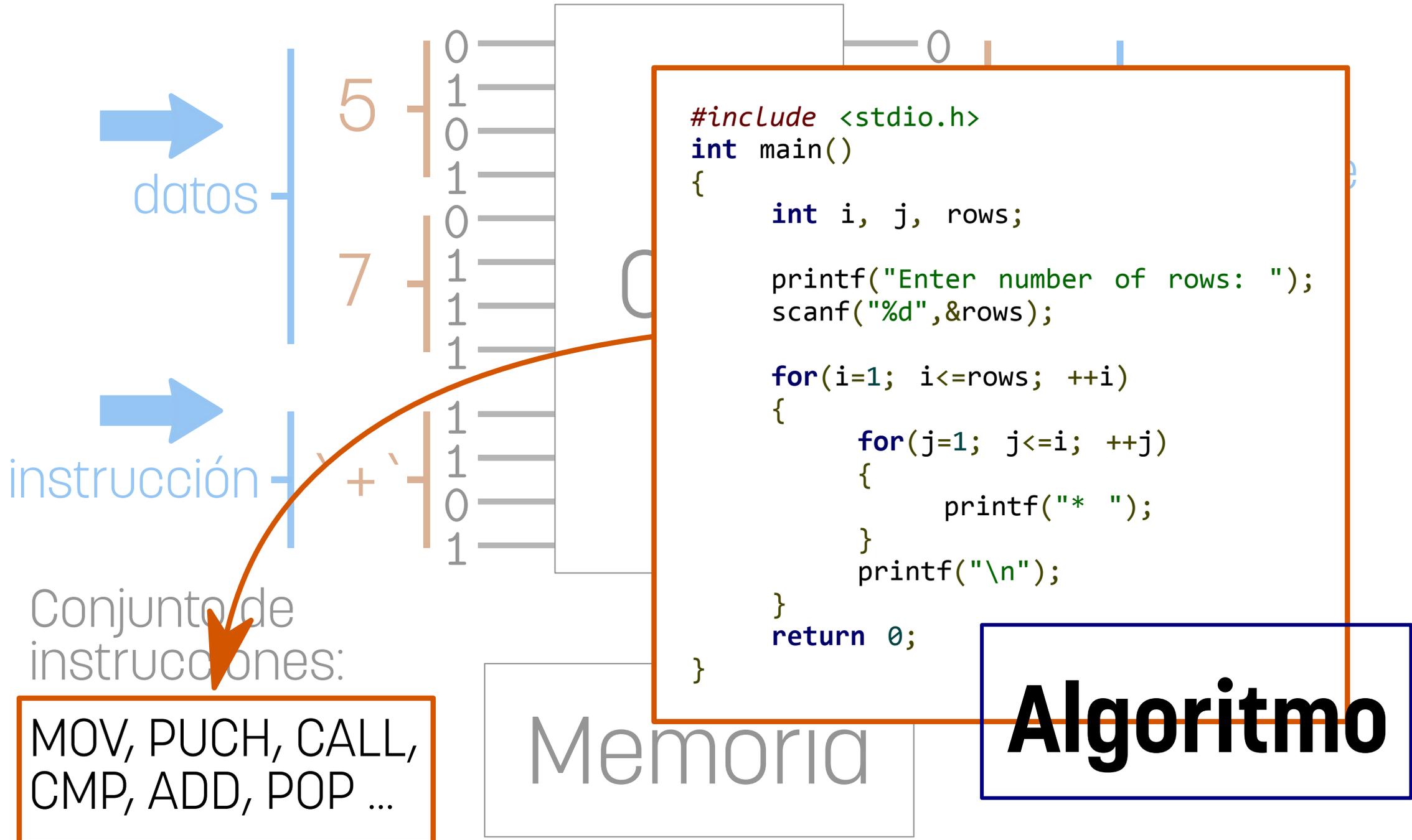


Orientada a procesamiento analógico  
Parte en software libre → Comunidad

# Microprocesador



# Microprocesador



## MICROPROCESADORES

Programación procedimental

Una instrucción a la vez

Programación muy versátil y flexible

float, int, array, complex, etc  
Se puede auto-modificar

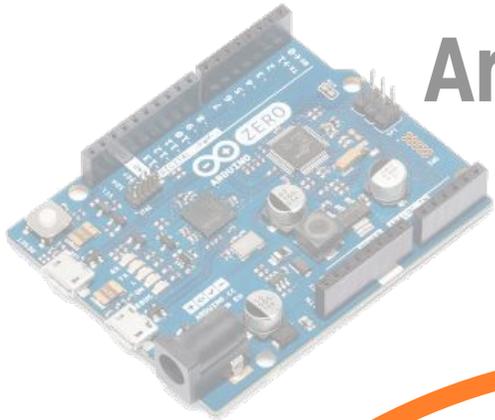
Limitado por reloj

"No-determinista":  
interrupciones, SO, etc

# Instrumentación con microelectrónica

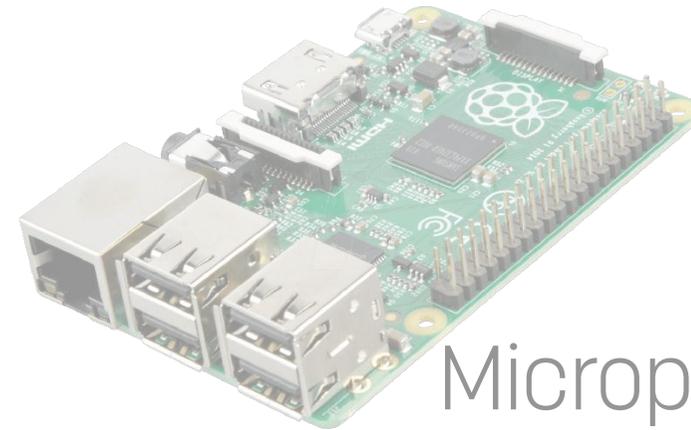
**Arduino**

Microcontrolador



**Raspberry**

Microprocesador



**FPGA "pura"**

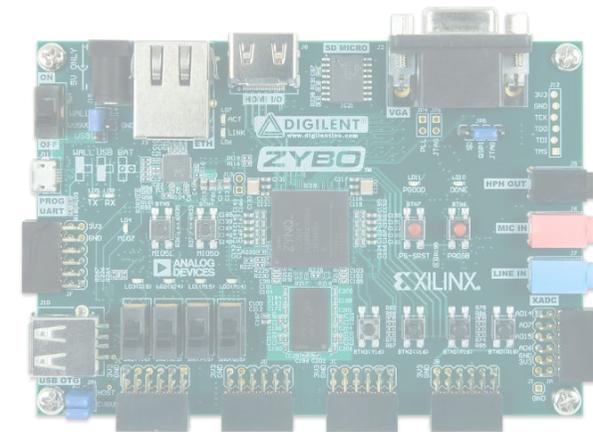
**Nexys3**

FPGA "pura"



**Zybo**

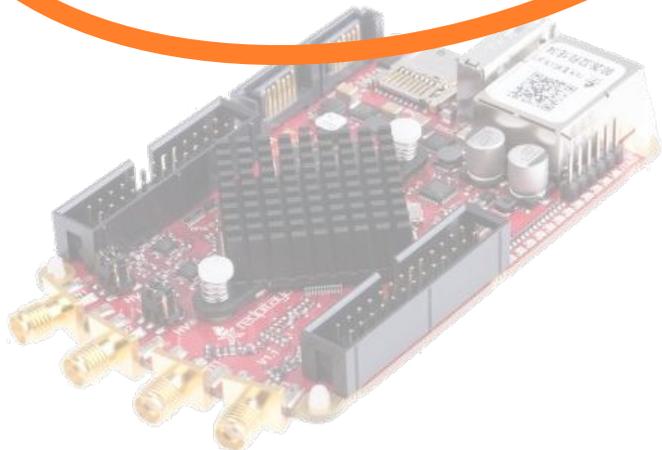
Micro+FPGA



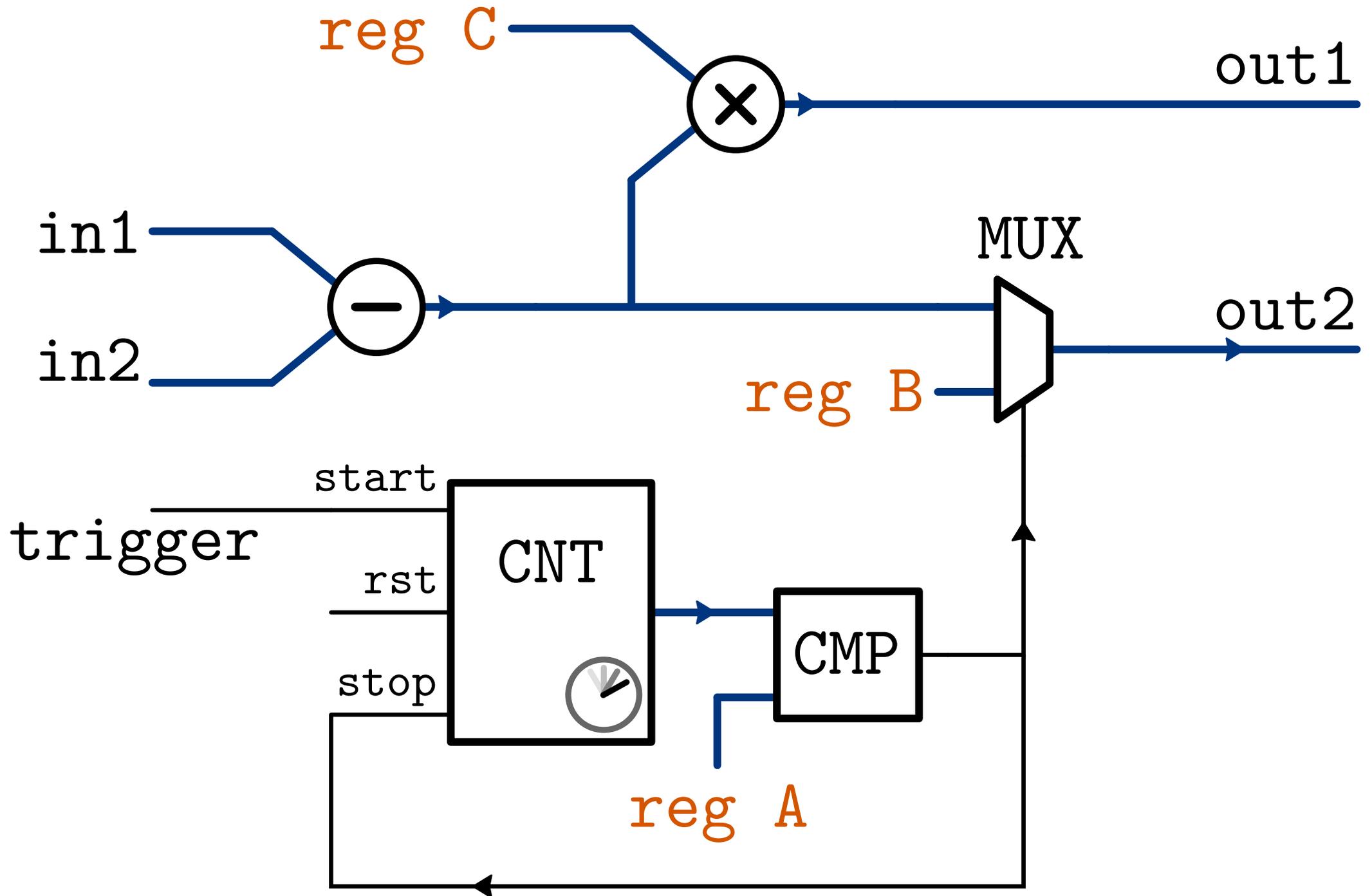
**Red Pitaya**

Micro+FPGA

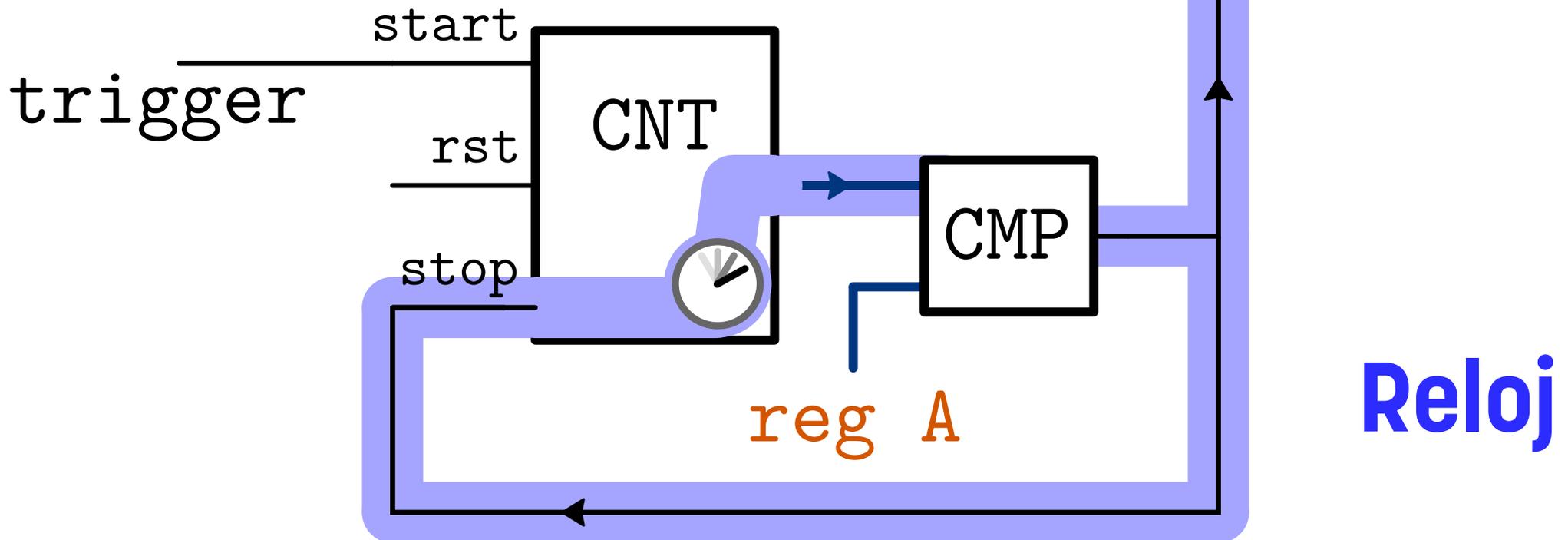
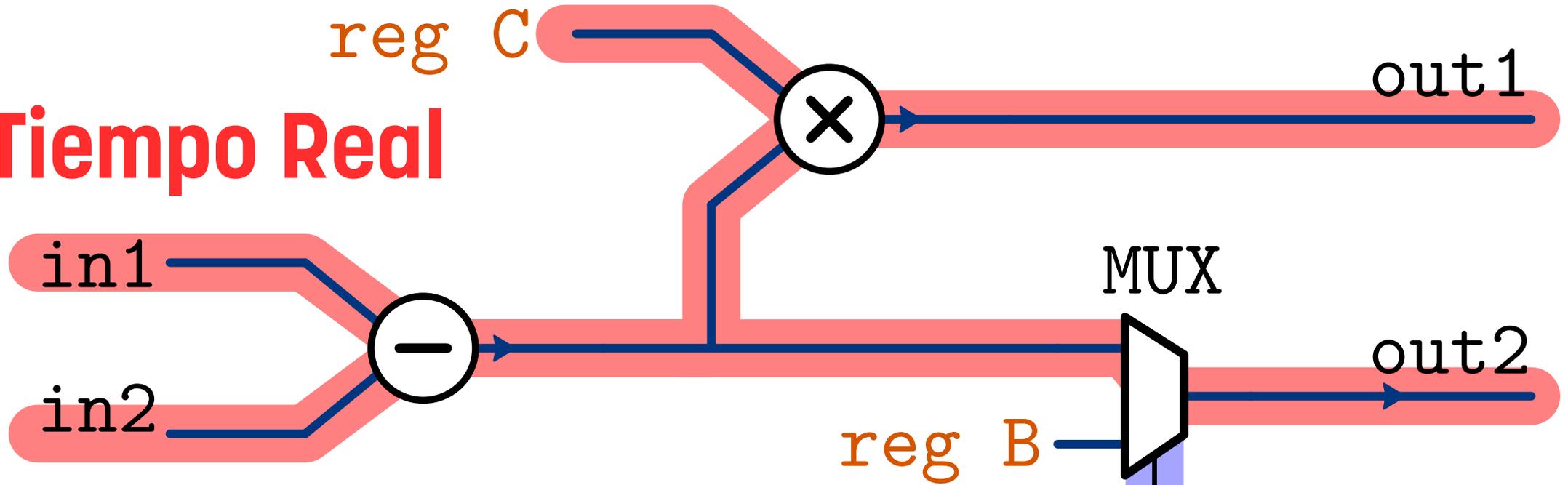
Orientada a procesamiento analógico  
Parte en software libre → Comunidad



# FPGA



## Tiempo Real



# Microprocesador // FPGA

## MICROPROCESADORES

Programación procedimental

Una instrucción a la vez

Programación muy versátil y flexible

float, int, array, complex, etc  
Se puede auto-modificar

Limitado por reloj

"No-determinista":  
interrupciones, SO, etc

## FPGA

Diseño de cableado: "flujo"

Todo en paralelo

Diseño rígido y limitado  
int, uint

registros → parametros  
→ multiplexores

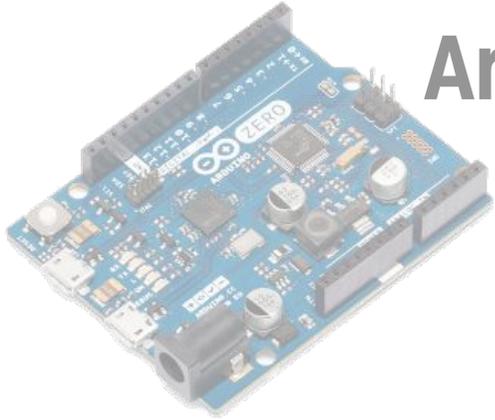
Tiempo real (puede usar reloj)

Determinista

# Instrumentación con microelectrónica

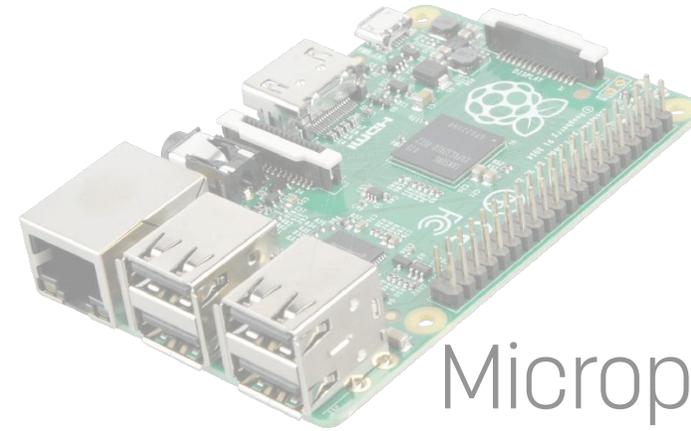
**Arduino**

Microcontrolador



**Raspberry**

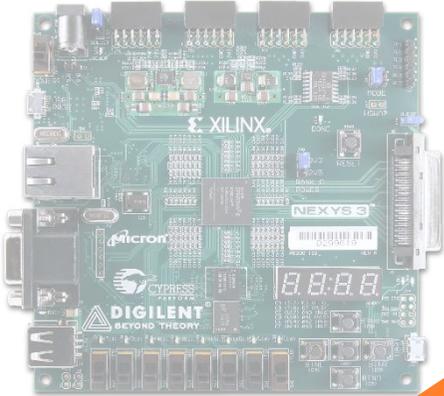
Microprocesador



**FPGA + Micro**

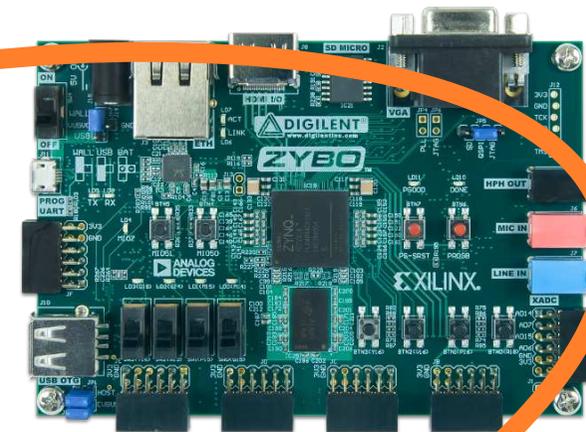
**Nexys3**

FPGA "pura"



**Zybo**

Micro+FPGA



**Red Pitaya**

Micro+FPGA

Orientada a procesamiento analógico

Parte en software libre → Comunidad



# Micro + FPGA

## Capa de Microprocesador

Programación versatil

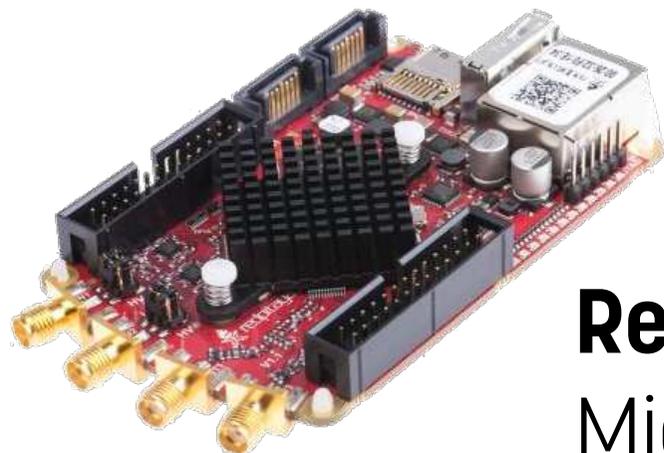
Sistema operativo

Manejo de memoria

## Capa FPGA

Adquisición y procesamiento en tiempo real

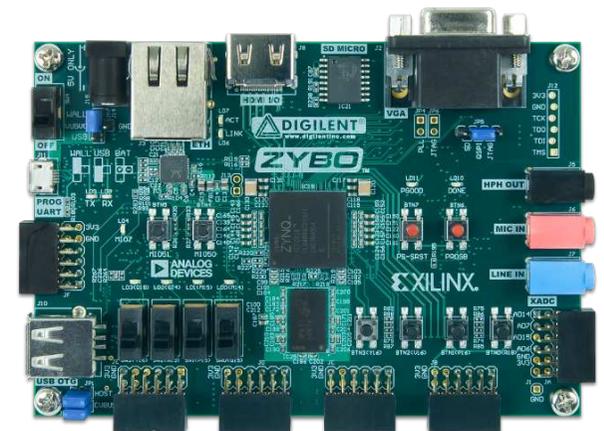
Control mediante registros



**Red Pitaya**  
Micro+FPGA

**Zybo**

Micro+FPGA



# Hardware Red Pitaya

**Hardware cerrado**  
**Software Libre**

Osciloscopio  
Generador de funciones  
Filtros  
Microcontrolador

**Fast analog outputs**

125 MS/s, 14 bits,  $\pm 1$  V

**Fast analog inputs**

125 MS/s, 14 bits,  $\pm 1$  V

**Digital extension**

16 I/O ch., 125 MS/s, 3.3 V

**Analog extension**

$\sim 100$  kS/s,  $\sim 12$  bits, 0-1.8 V  
4 SAR ADC ch., 4 PWM DAC ch.,

**Microprocessor + FPGA**

Dual core ARM-Cortex A9 Zync SoC

**DDR3 RAM**

512 MB

**Daisy chain**

**microSD**

OS drive & FPGA design

**Ethernet**

1 Gb/s

**USB**

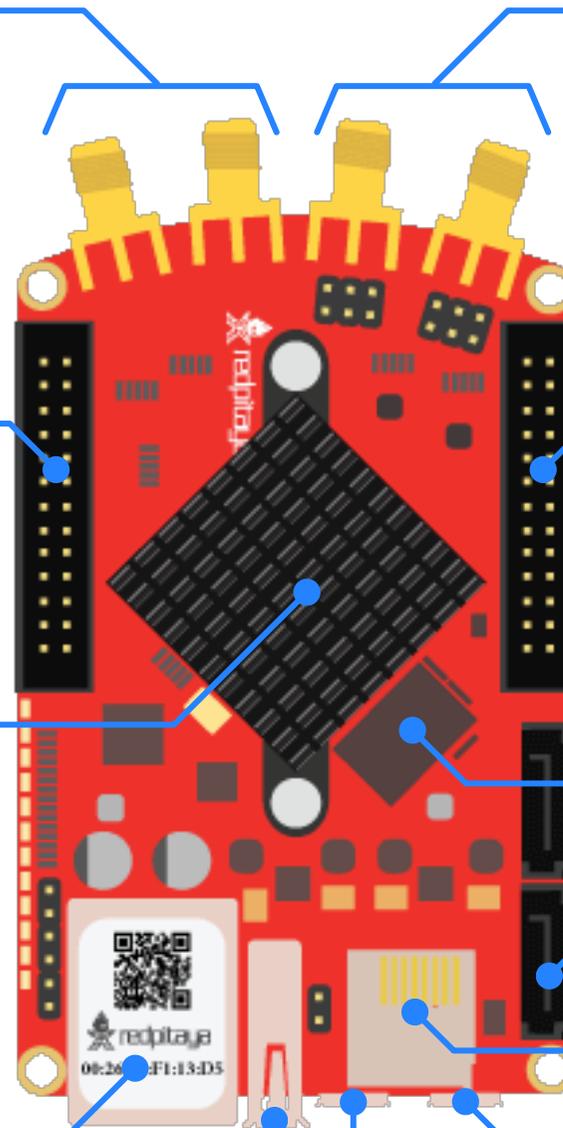
OTG

**micro USB**

SO console

**micro USB**

Power in  
5 V, 2 A



# FPGA para óptica

**Fabriquemos nuestras  
propias herramientas**

**Instrumentación  
para óptica**

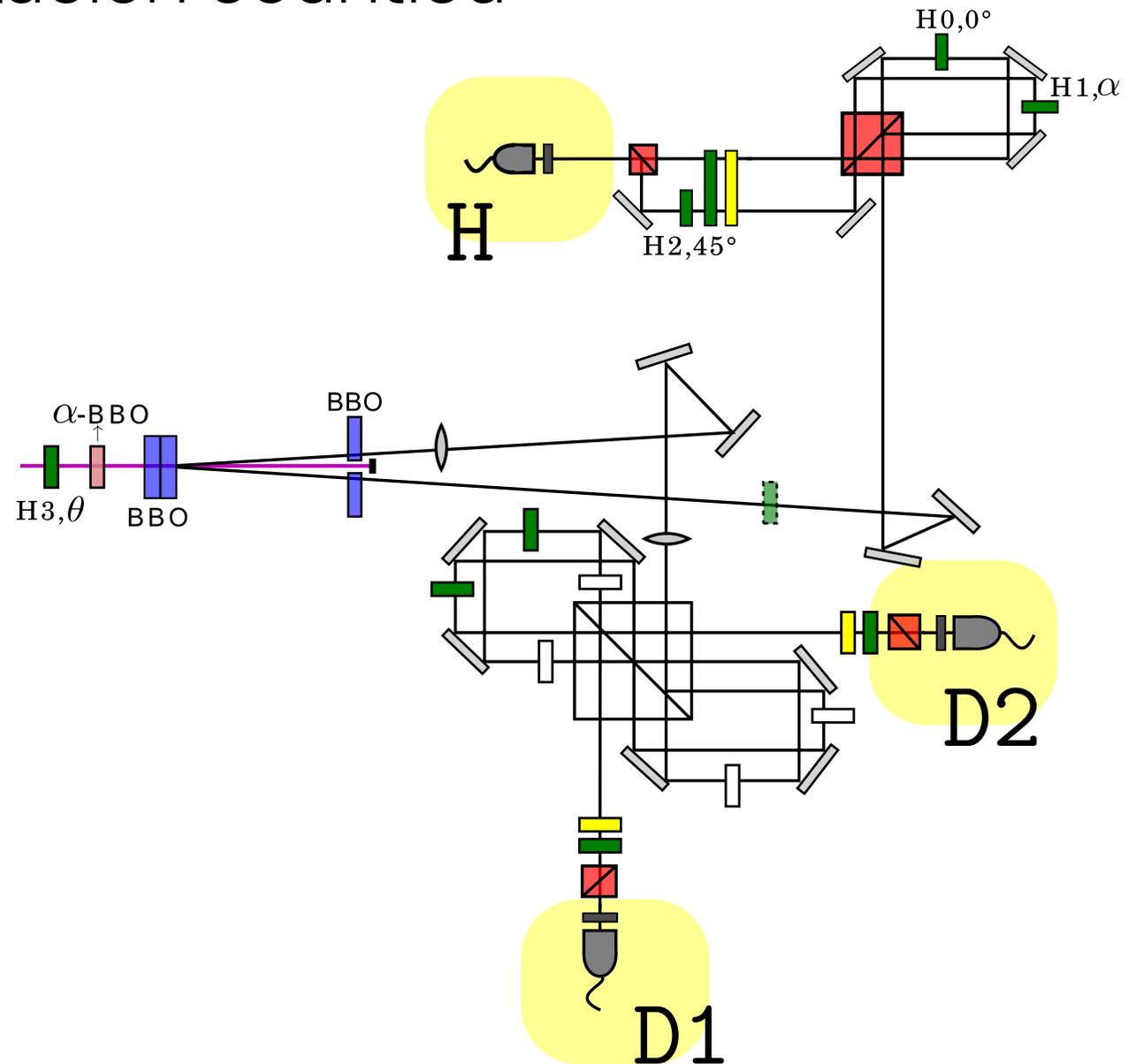


# Ejemplo de FPGA para óptica

## Adquisición y pre-procesamiento

Experimento de teleportación cuántica\*

Detector de  
coincidencias y  
conteo

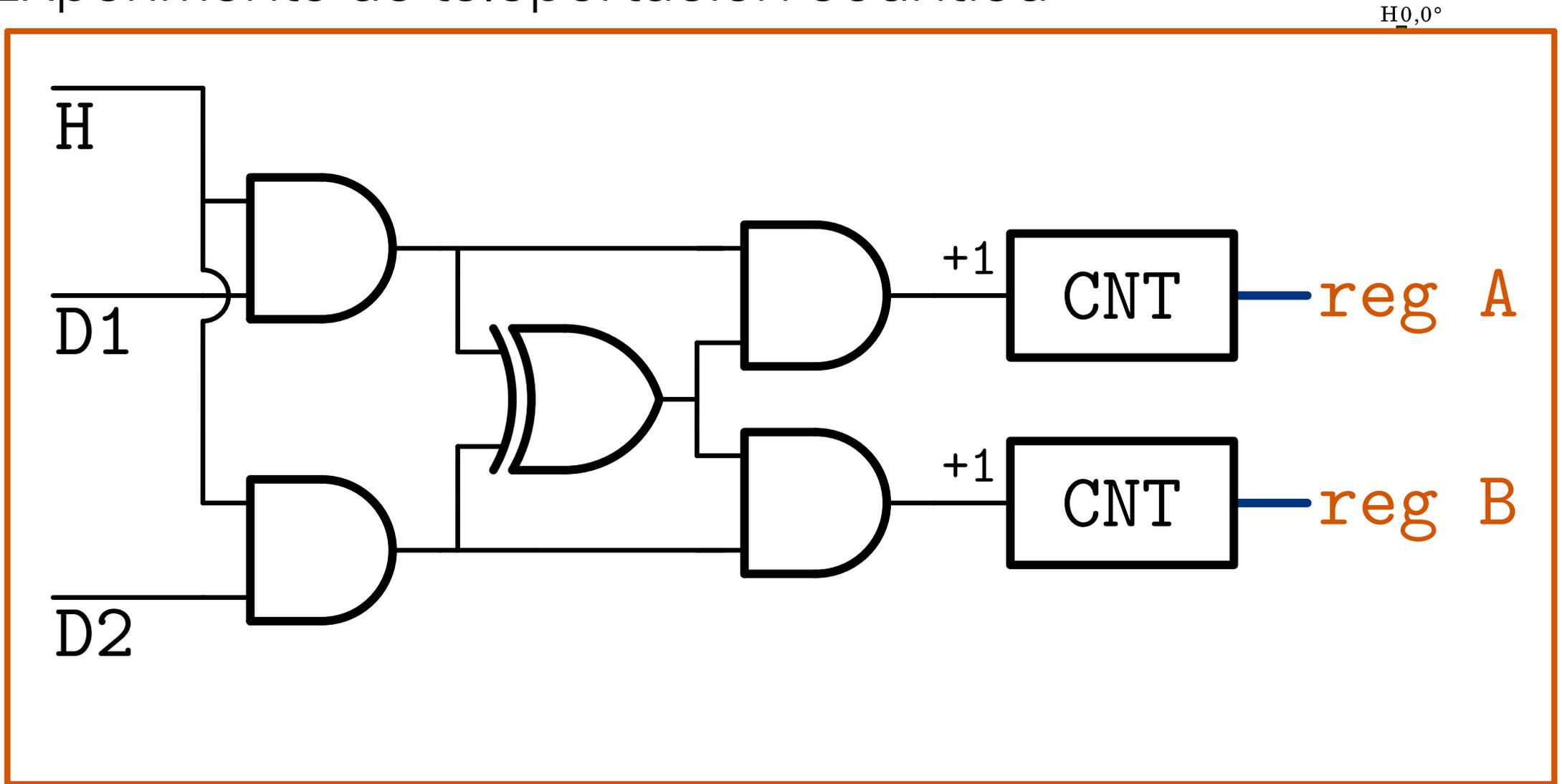


\*Knoll et al. , arxiv:1602.07196

# Ejemplo de FPGA para óptica

## Adquisición y pre-procesamiento

Experimento de teleportación cuántica\*



\*Knoll et al. , arxiv:1602.07196

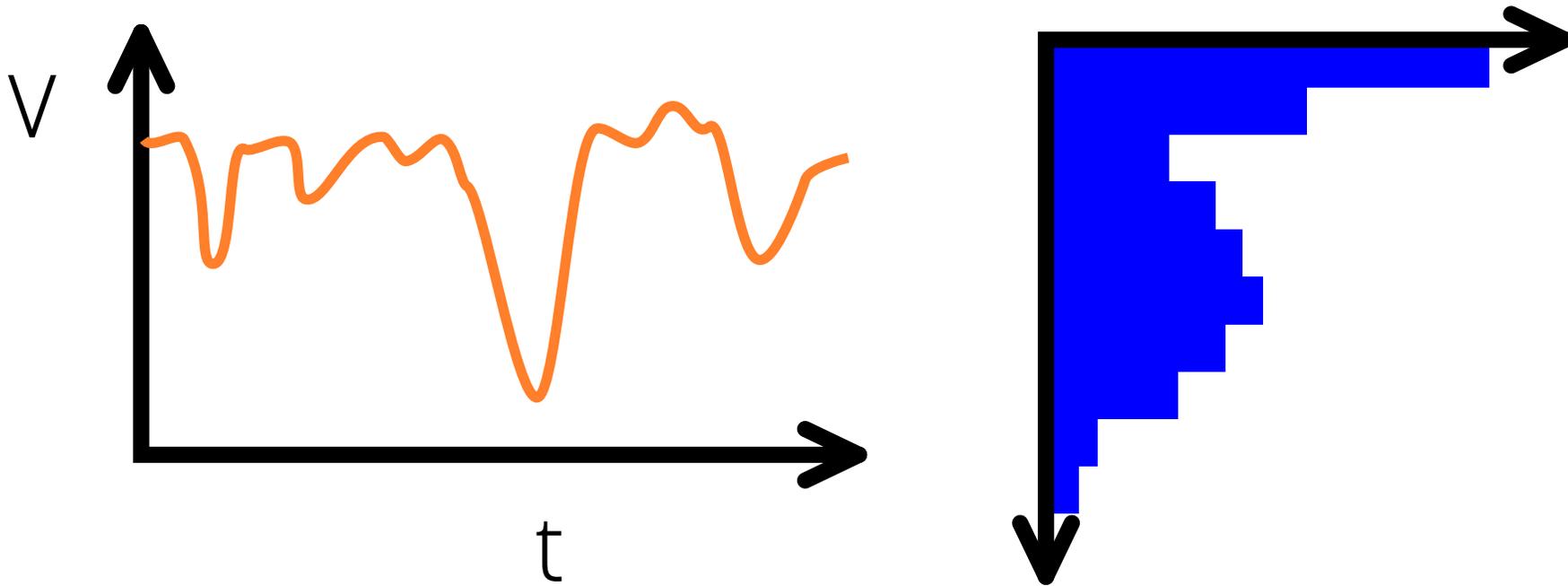
$\sim$   
D1

# Ejemplo de FPGA para óptica

## Adquisición y pre-procesamiento

Caracterización de fotomultiplicador

Para conteo de fotones

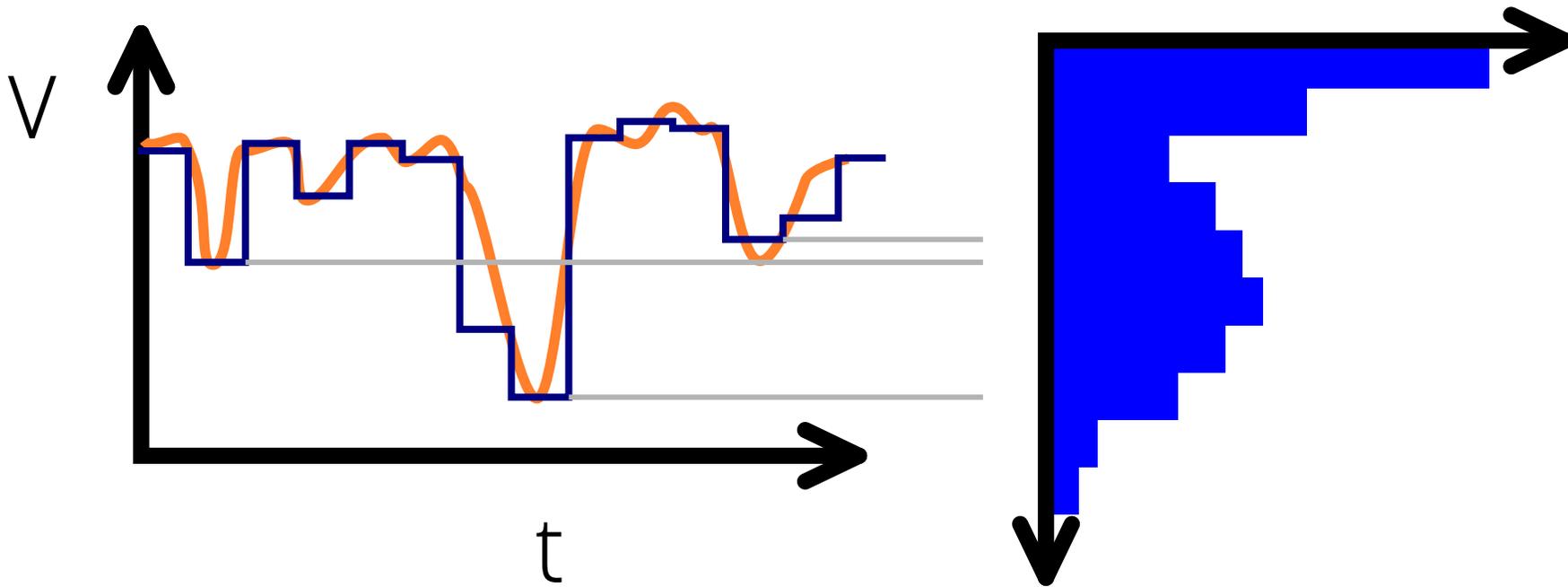


# Ejemplo de FPGA para óptica

## Adquisición y pre-procesamiento

Caracterización de fotomultiplicador

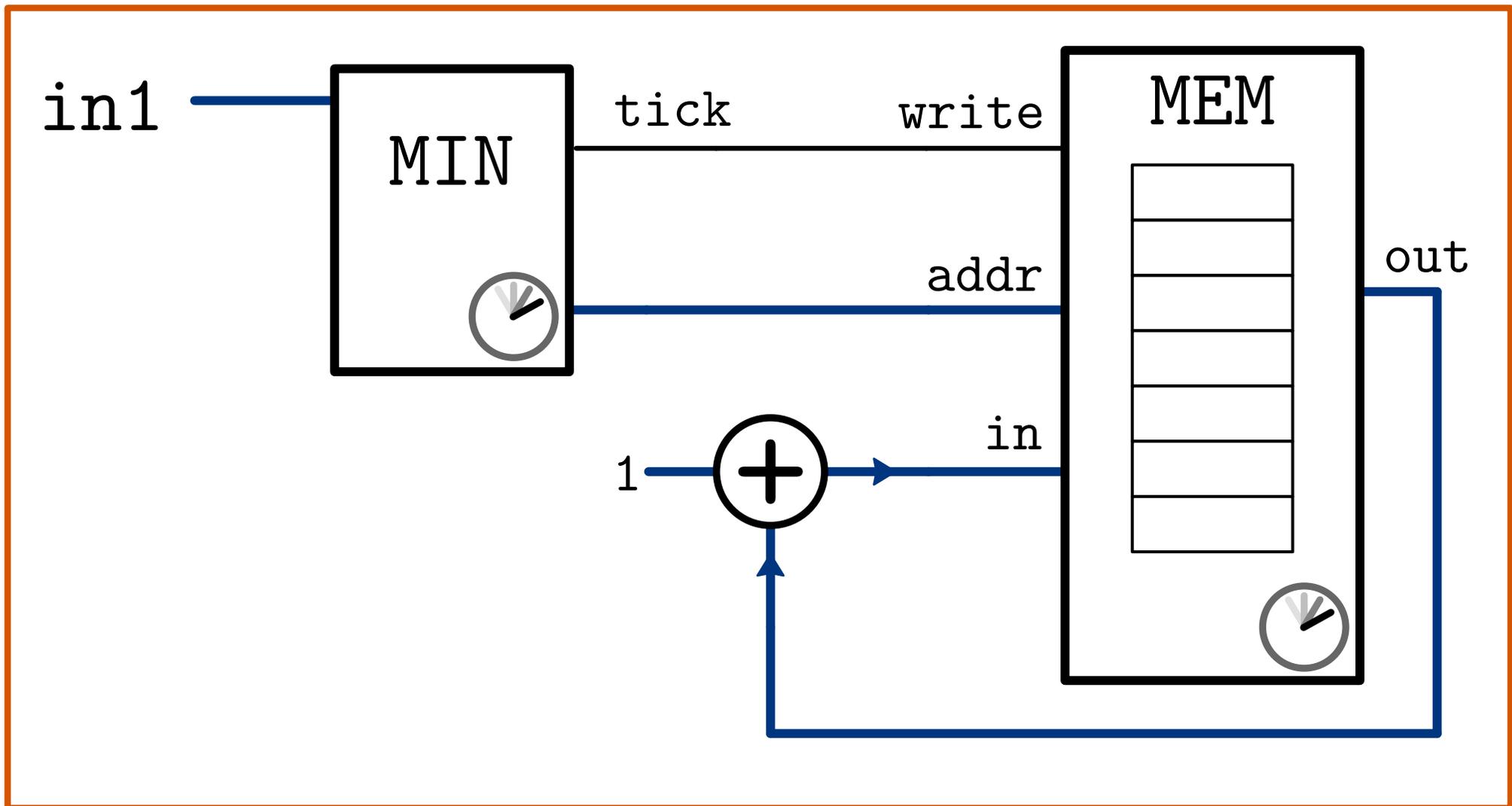
Para conteo de fotones



# Ejemplo de FPGA para óptica

## Adquisición y pre-procesamiento

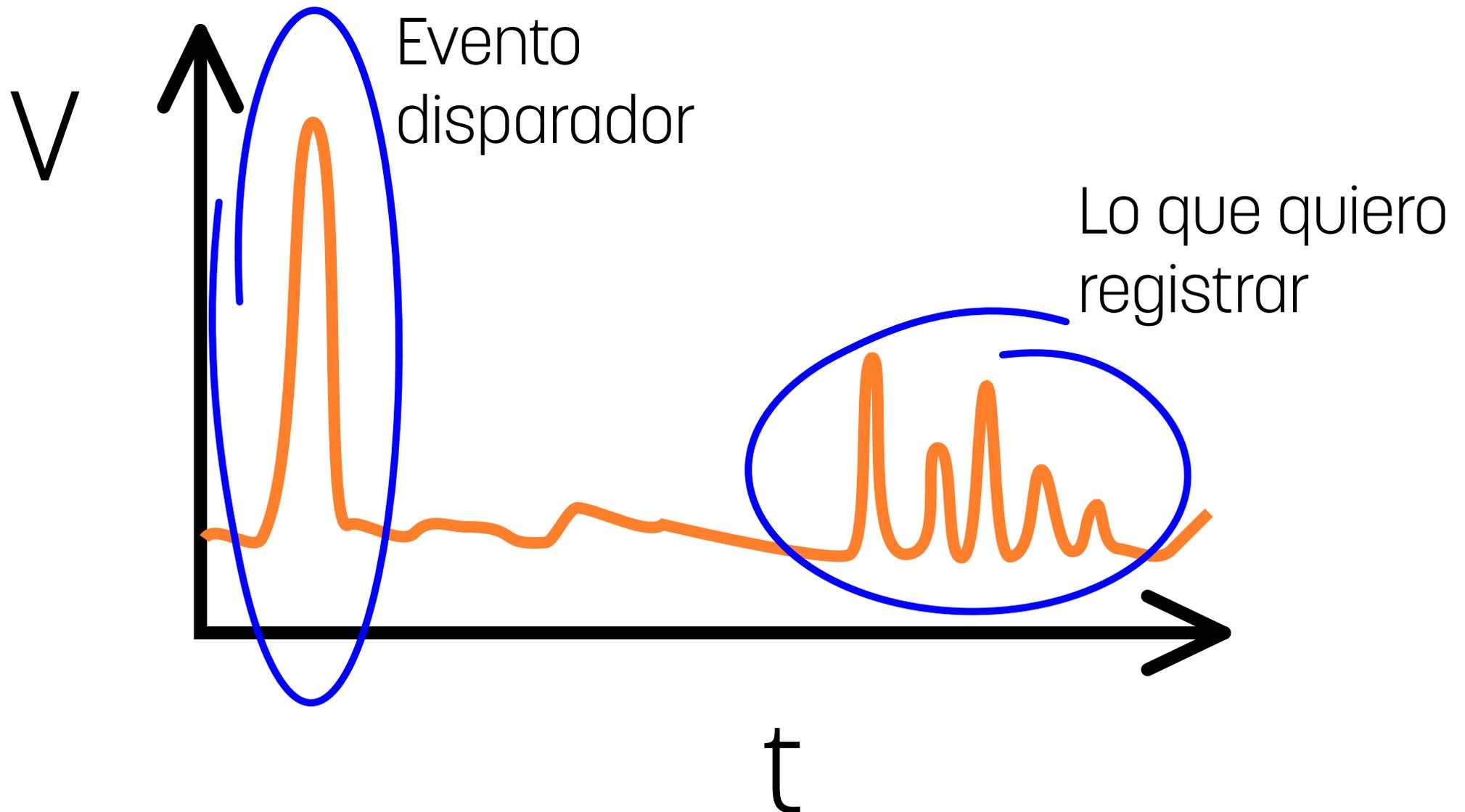
Caracterización de fotomultiplicador



# Ejemplo de FPGA para óptica

## Adquisición demorada

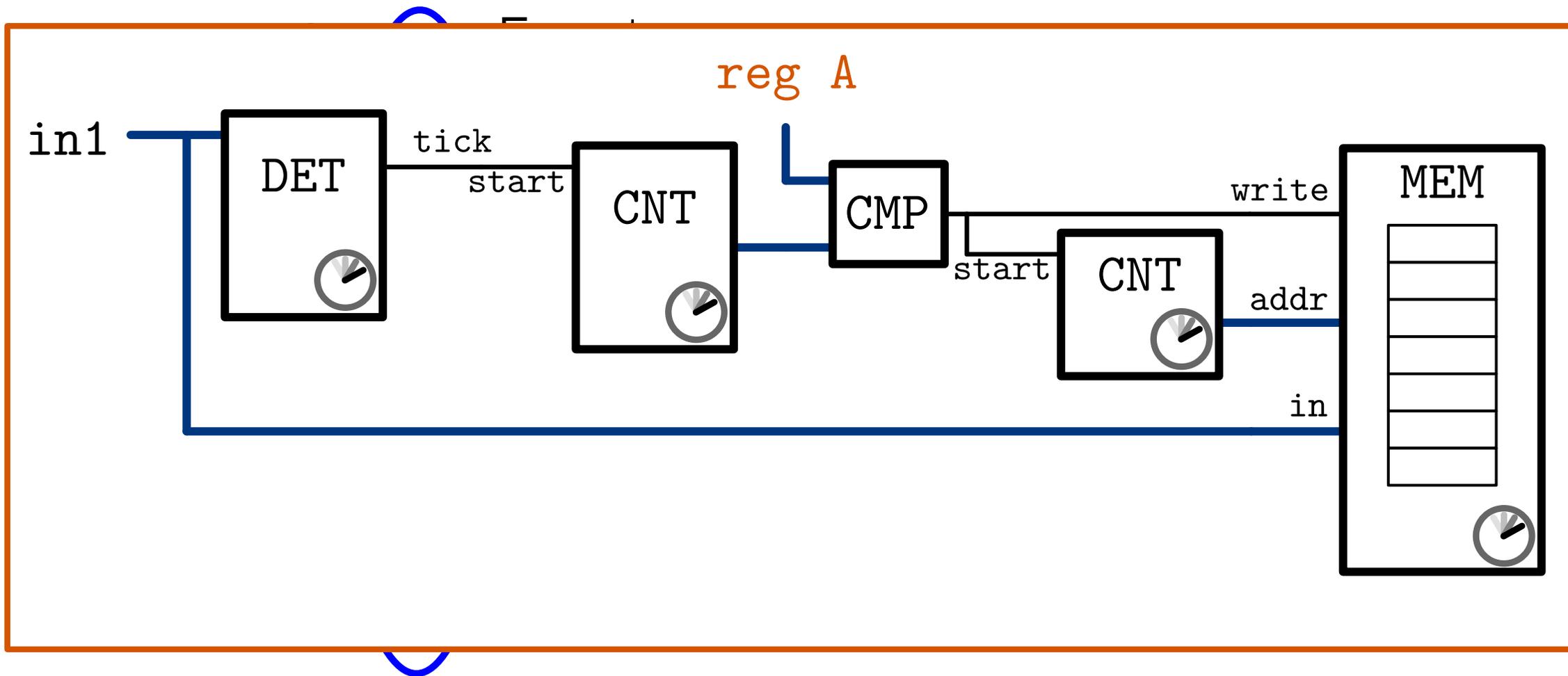
Medición de eventos muy separados en un TOF



# Ejemplo de FPGA para óptica

## Adquisición demorada

Medición de eventos muy separados en un TOF

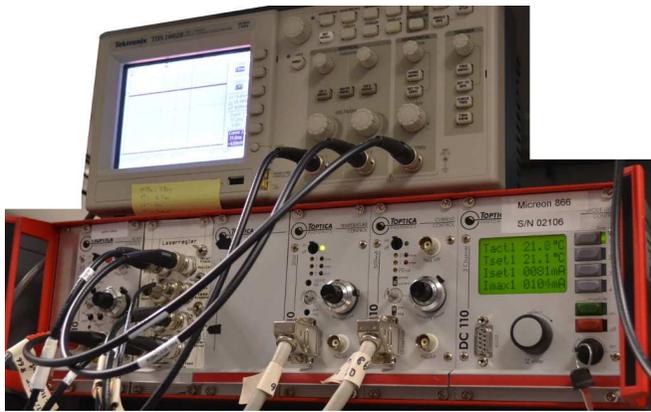


## Ejemplos más sofisticados



# Múltiples instrumentos en uno

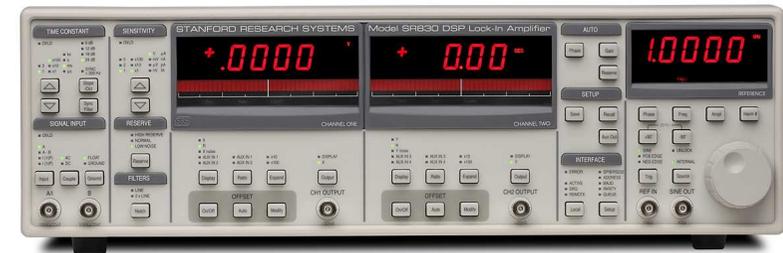
## Modulación + demodulación lock-in + PID



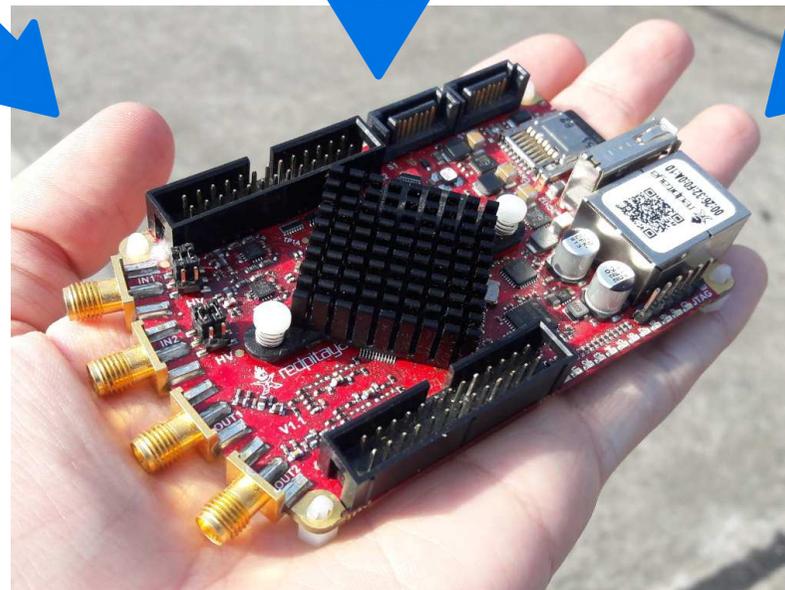
Osciloscopio  
+  
Filtros PID



Generador de  
funciones



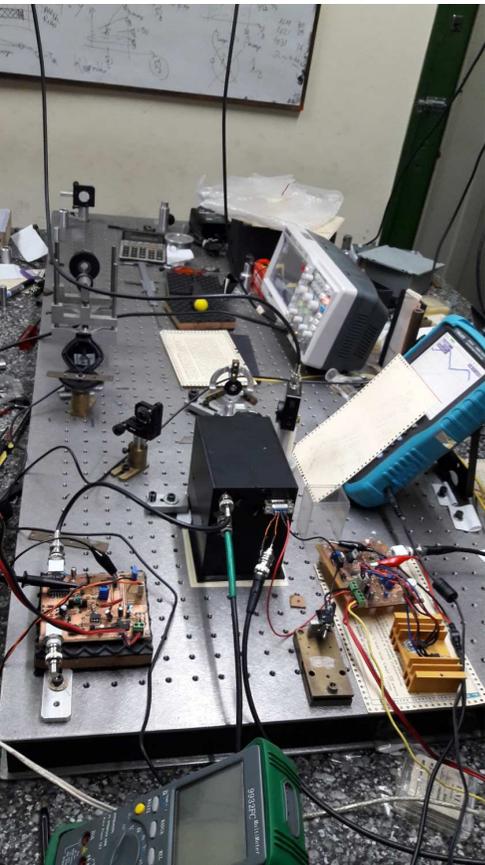
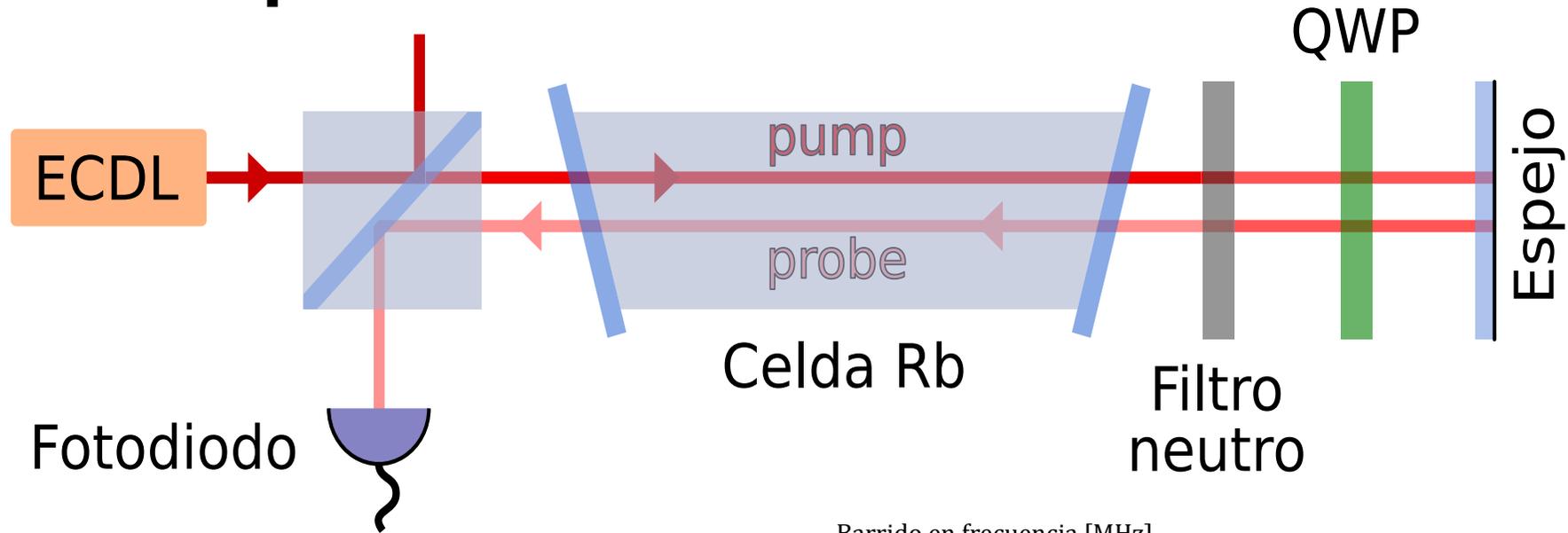
Amplificador  
Lock-in



# Estabilización de longitud de onda de láser

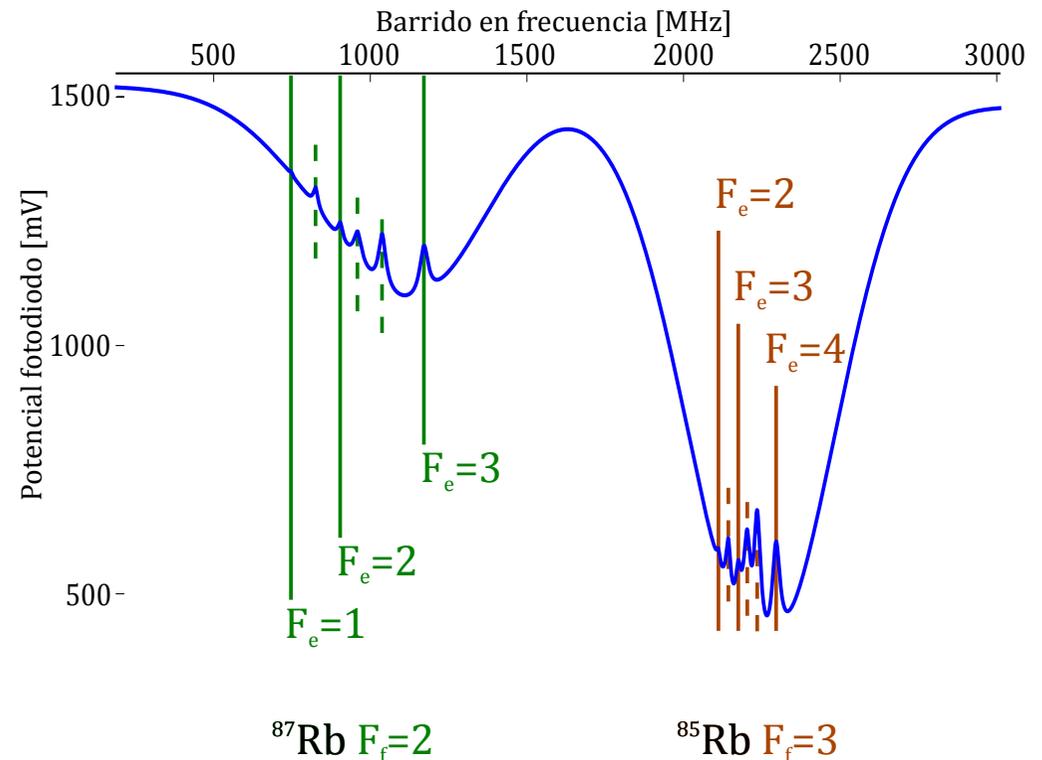
## Sistemas de lockeo para estabilizar $\lambda$ en láseres

Patrón  
metrológico

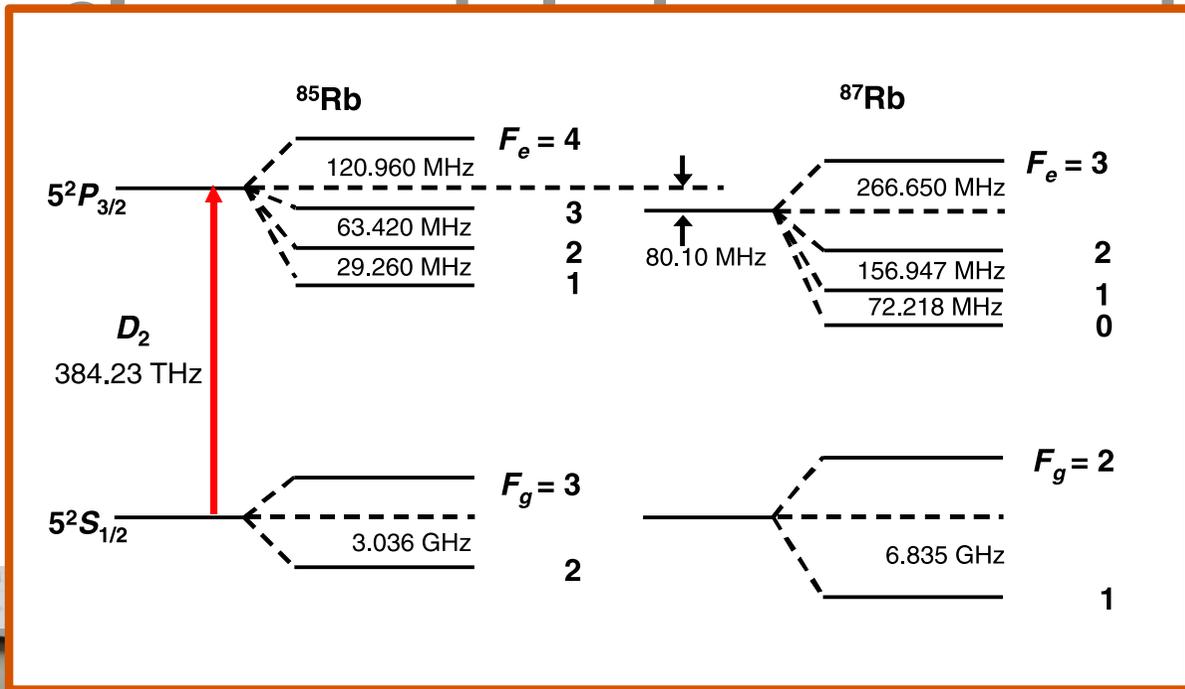


Barrido en  
frecuencia

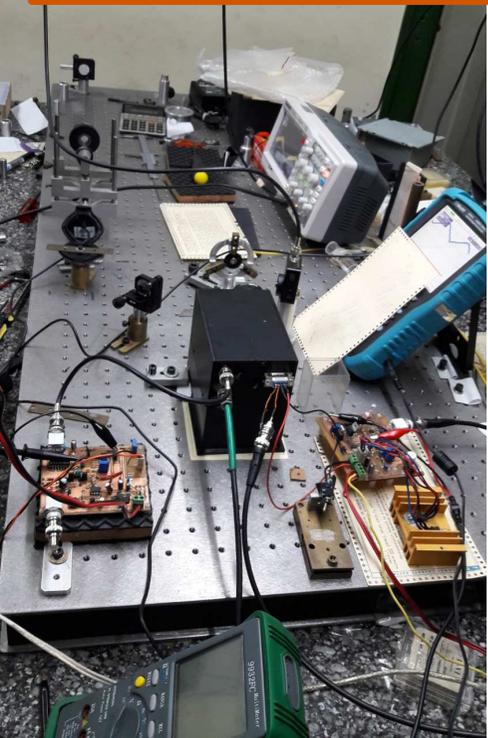
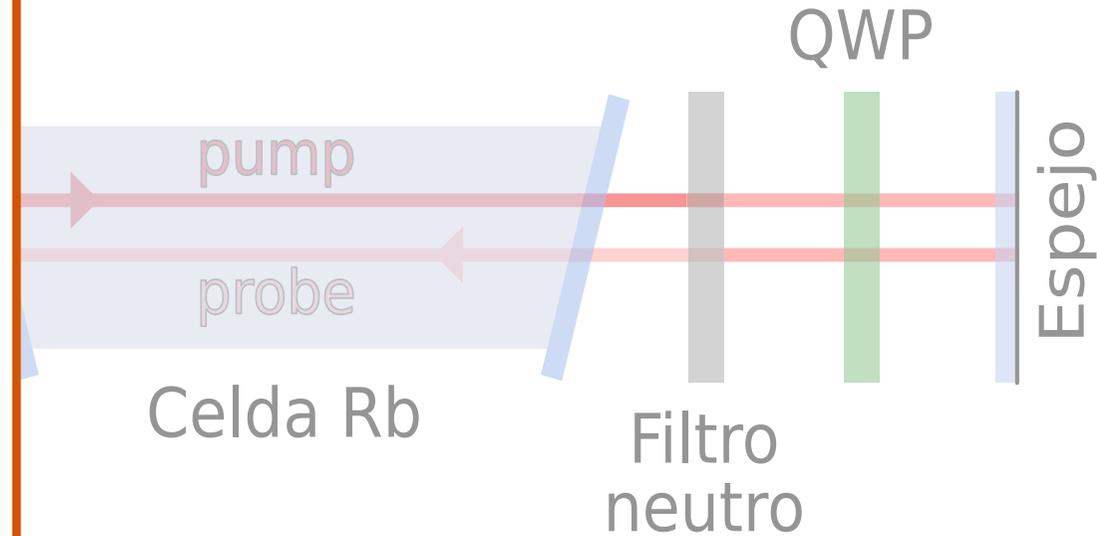
$D_2$  Rb:  $\sim 384$  THz



# Estabilización de longitud de onda de láser

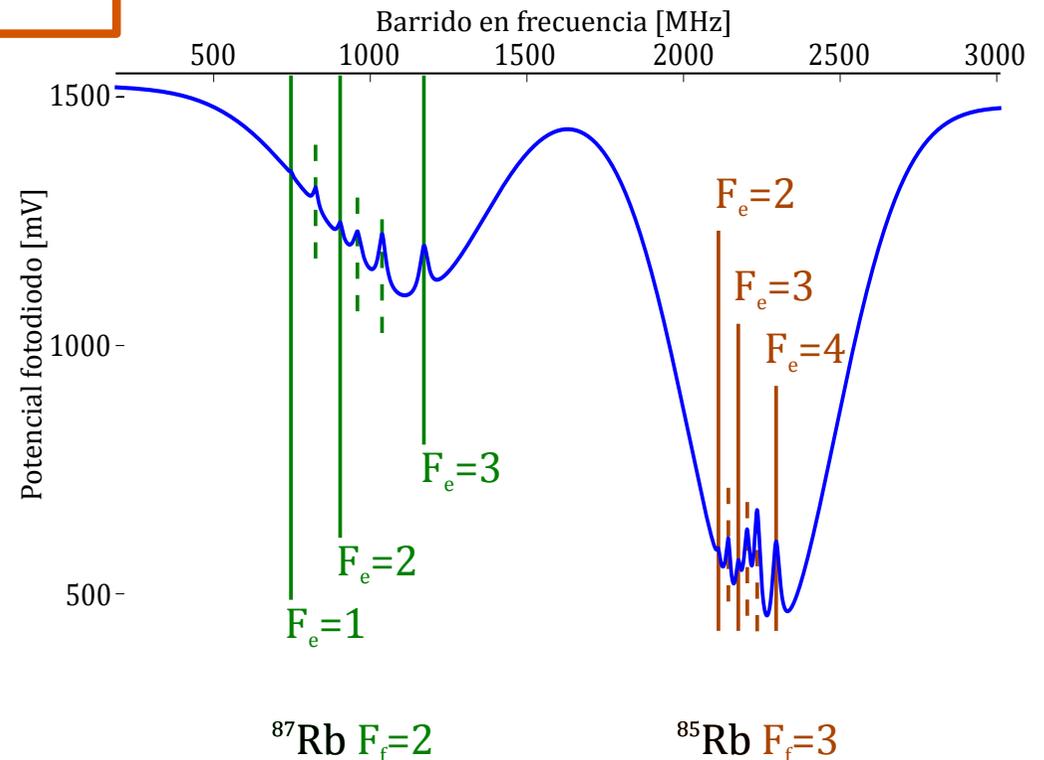


## Estabilizar $\lambda$ en láseres

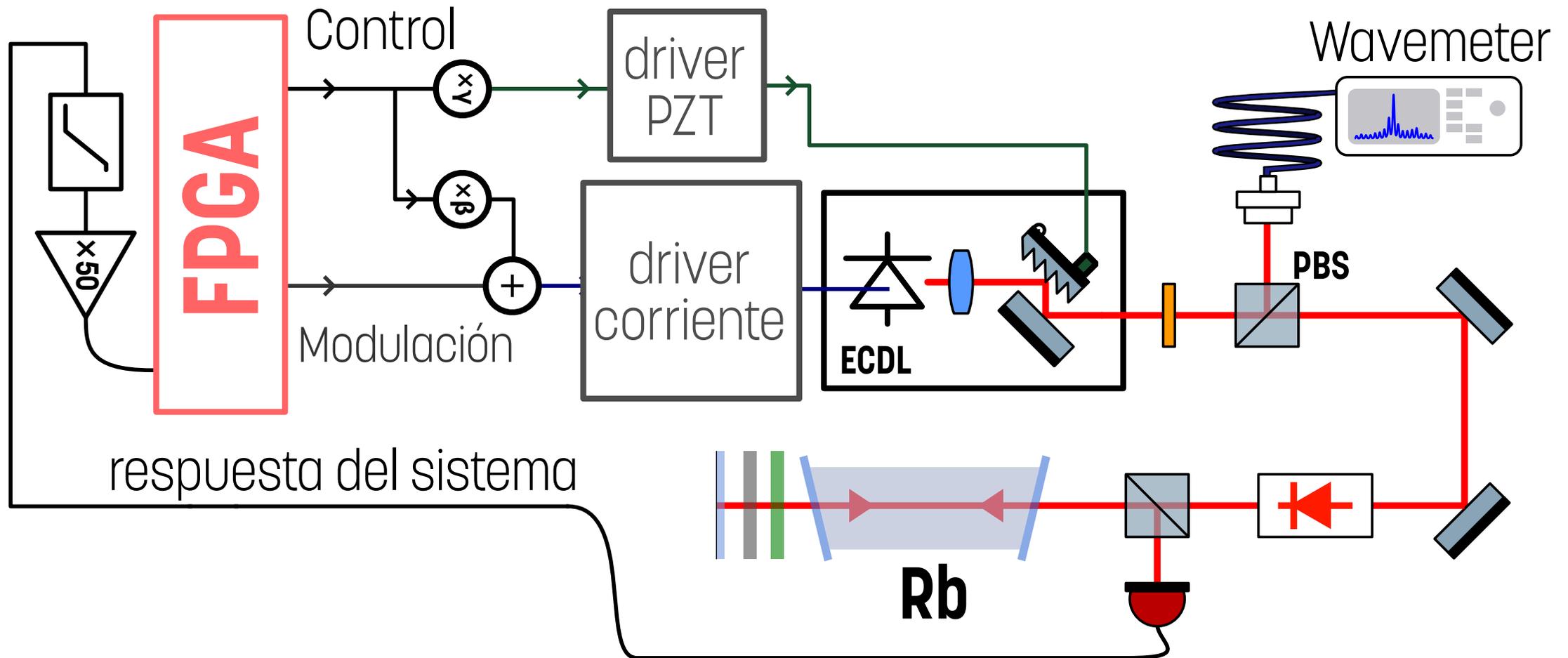


Barrido en frecuencia

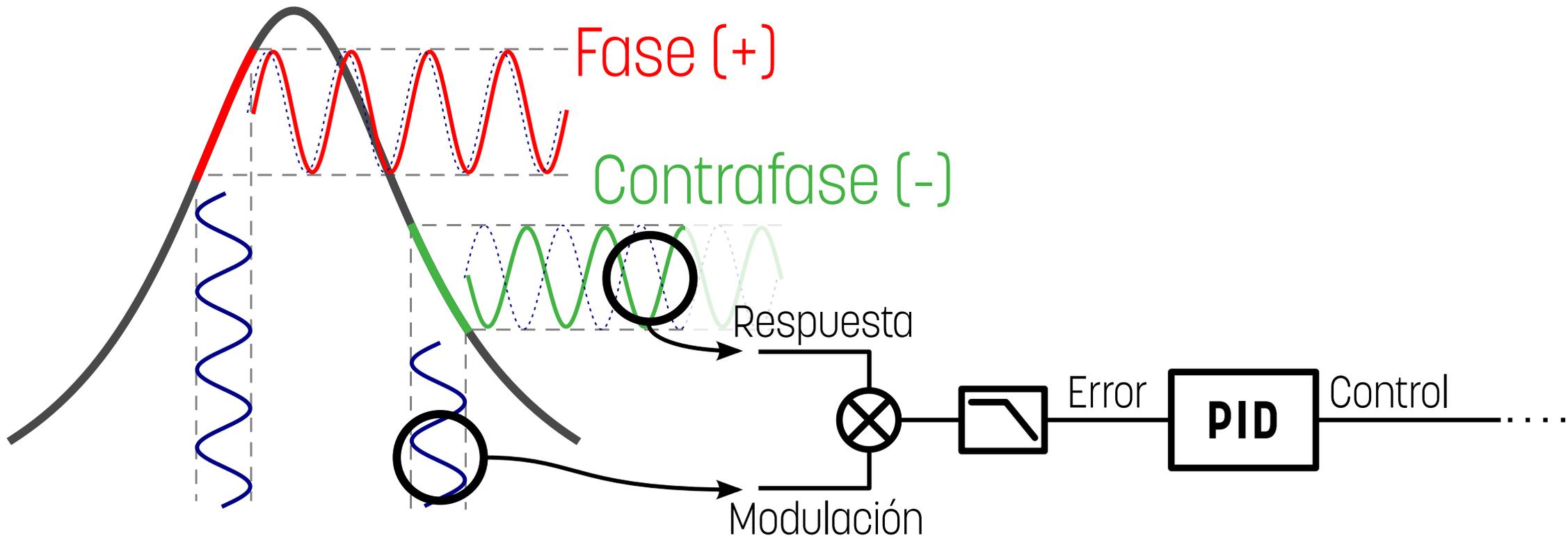
$D_2$  Rb:  $\sim 384$  THz



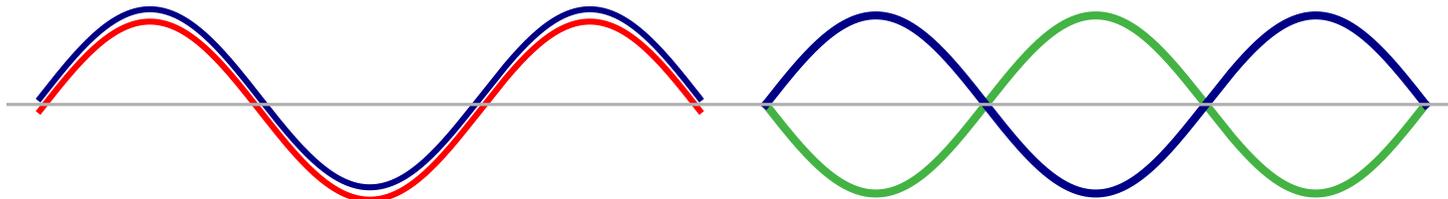
# El experimento



# Técnica de amplificación lock-in

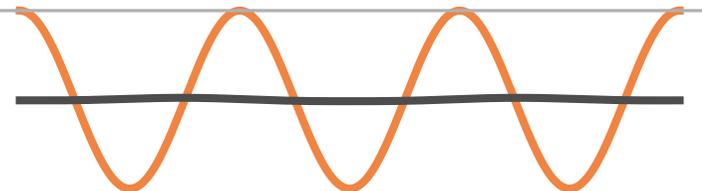


Referencia

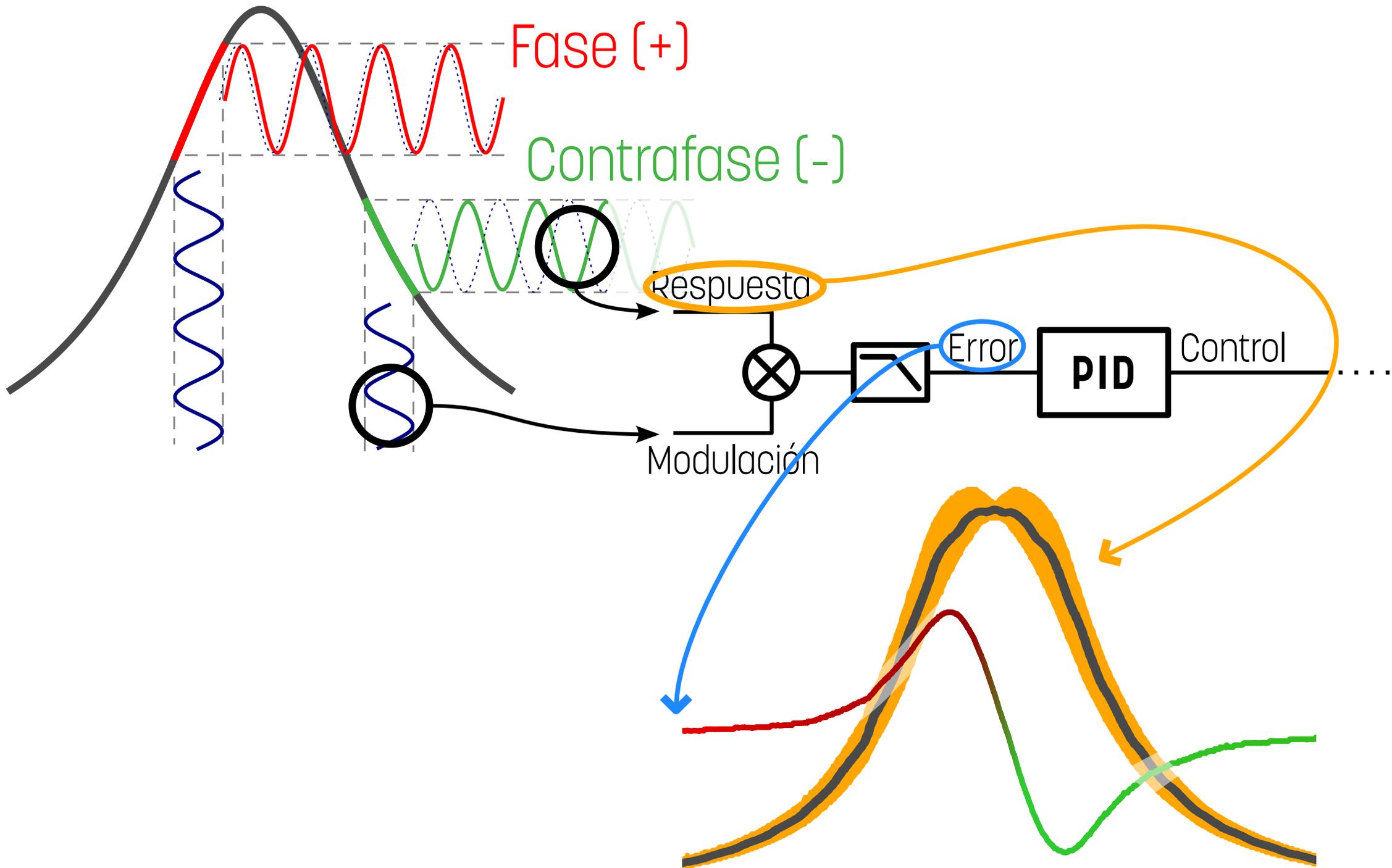


Producto

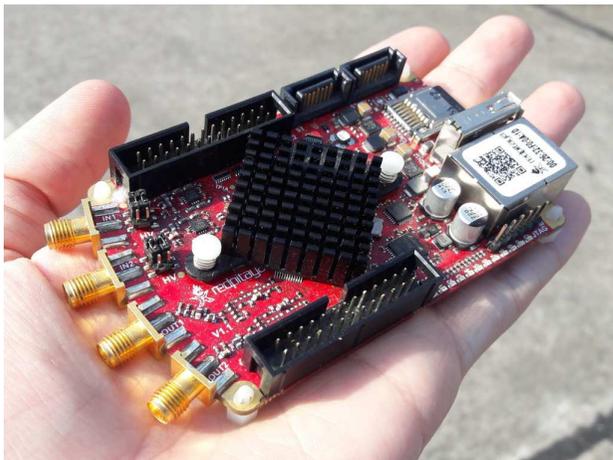
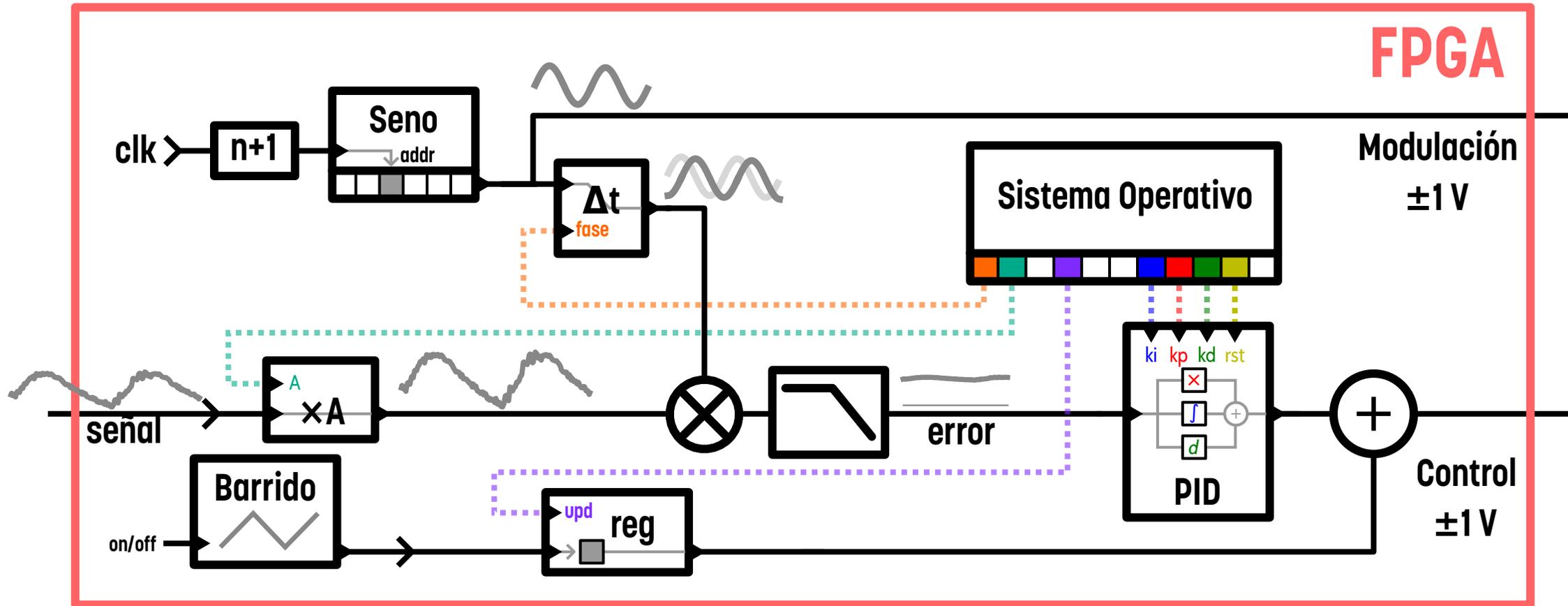
Promedio (pasabajos)



# Técnica de amplificación lock-in



# Implementación Lock-in FPGA



# Implementación Lock-in FPGA

**pitaya Oscilloscope+lock**

Autoscale Reset zoom Channel 1 Channel 2 Stop Save Data Averaging AUTO

**SCOPE/OUT**

Modulation

Scan

**PID A**

IN: F1  rst

1200 sp: 146.50 mV

1024

kp: 1.000

3

ki:  $\tau = 179$  ms  $f = 5.59$  Hz

0

kd: OFF

Options

**PID B**

**Lock Control**

Lock in input: in1

**Trigger**

Source: External

Mode: Normal

Edge: Rising

Level: 0 V

Single

**Range**

	X axis	Y axis
Range:	<input type="text" value="3"/> <input type="text" value="e"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/> <input type="text" value="V"/>
Offset:	<input type="text" value="-"/> <input type="text" value=""/>	<input type="text" value="-"/> <input type="text" value=""/>

**Measure**

Gain settings

Signal generator

PID Controller

**Lock-in Display**

**LOCK Controller options**

Aux A:  Aux B:

Mouse position (-0.28, -0.50)

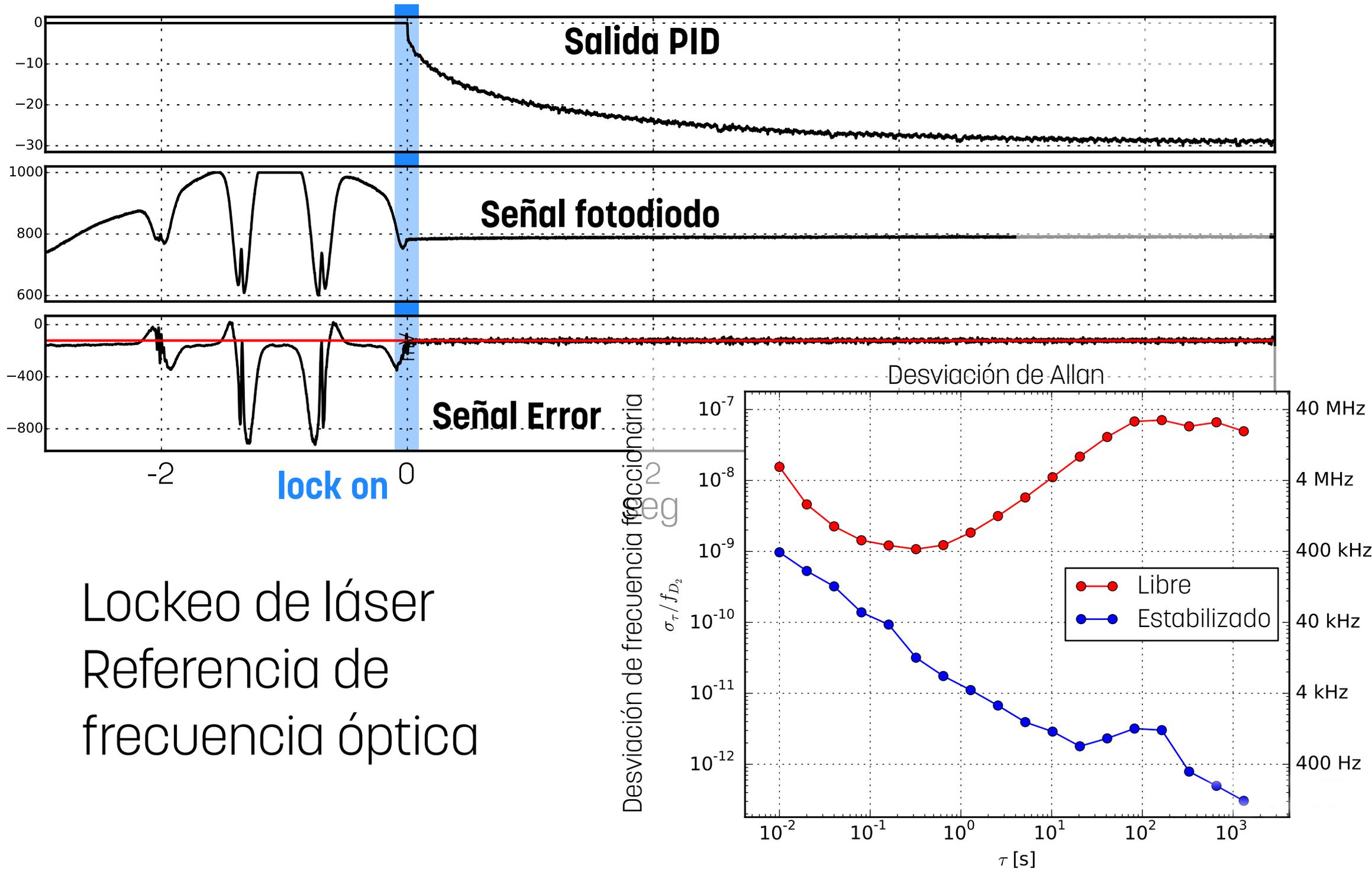
Voltage [V]

Time [s]

Channel 1 Channel 2



# Resultados



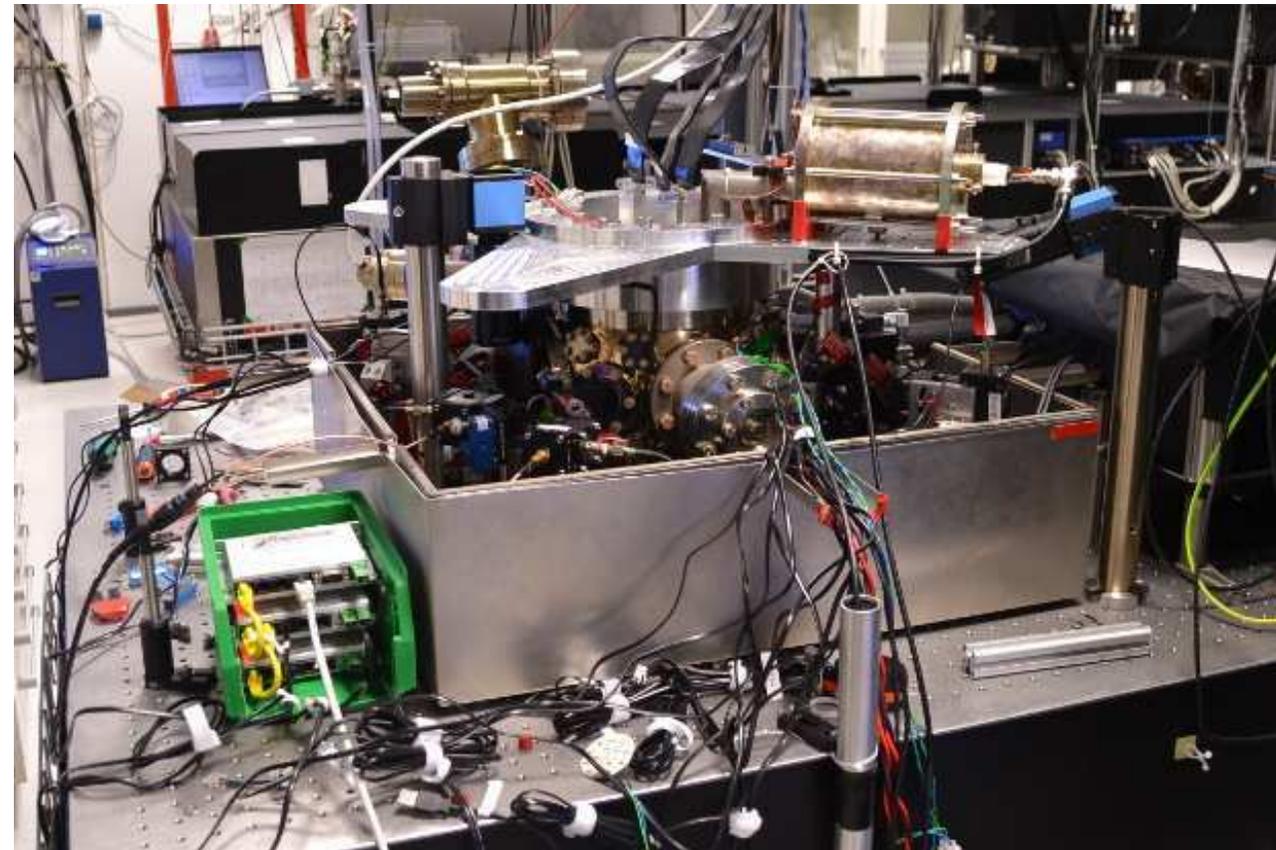
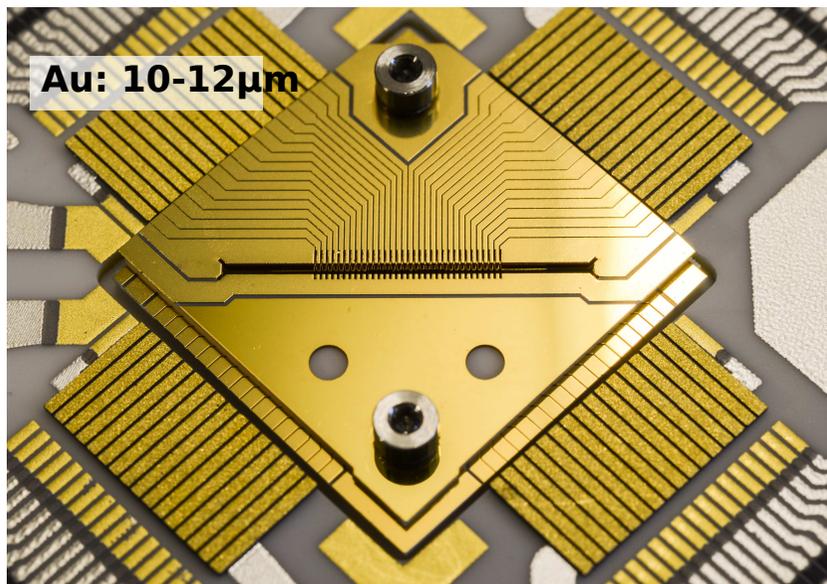
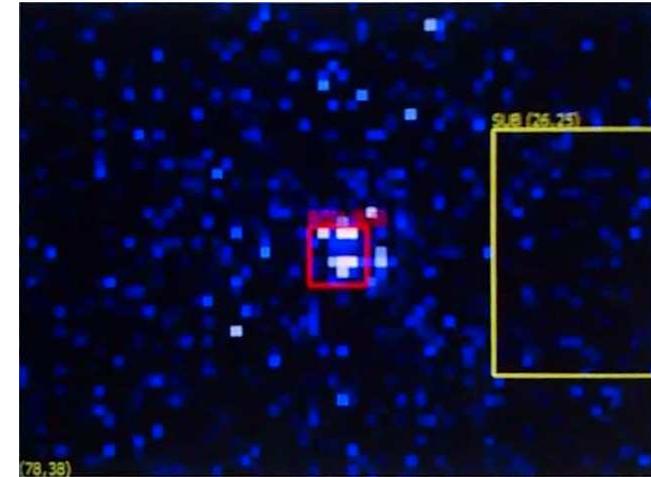
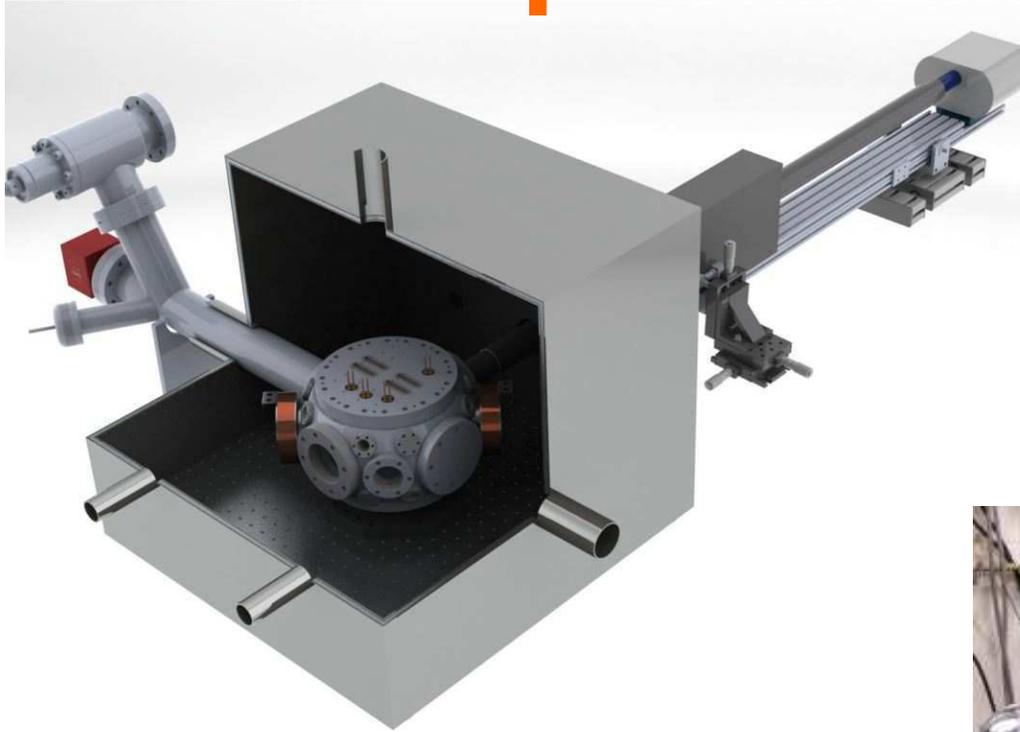
# Comentarios finales

## Aplicaciones a gran escala

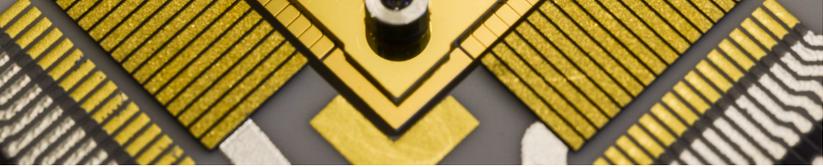
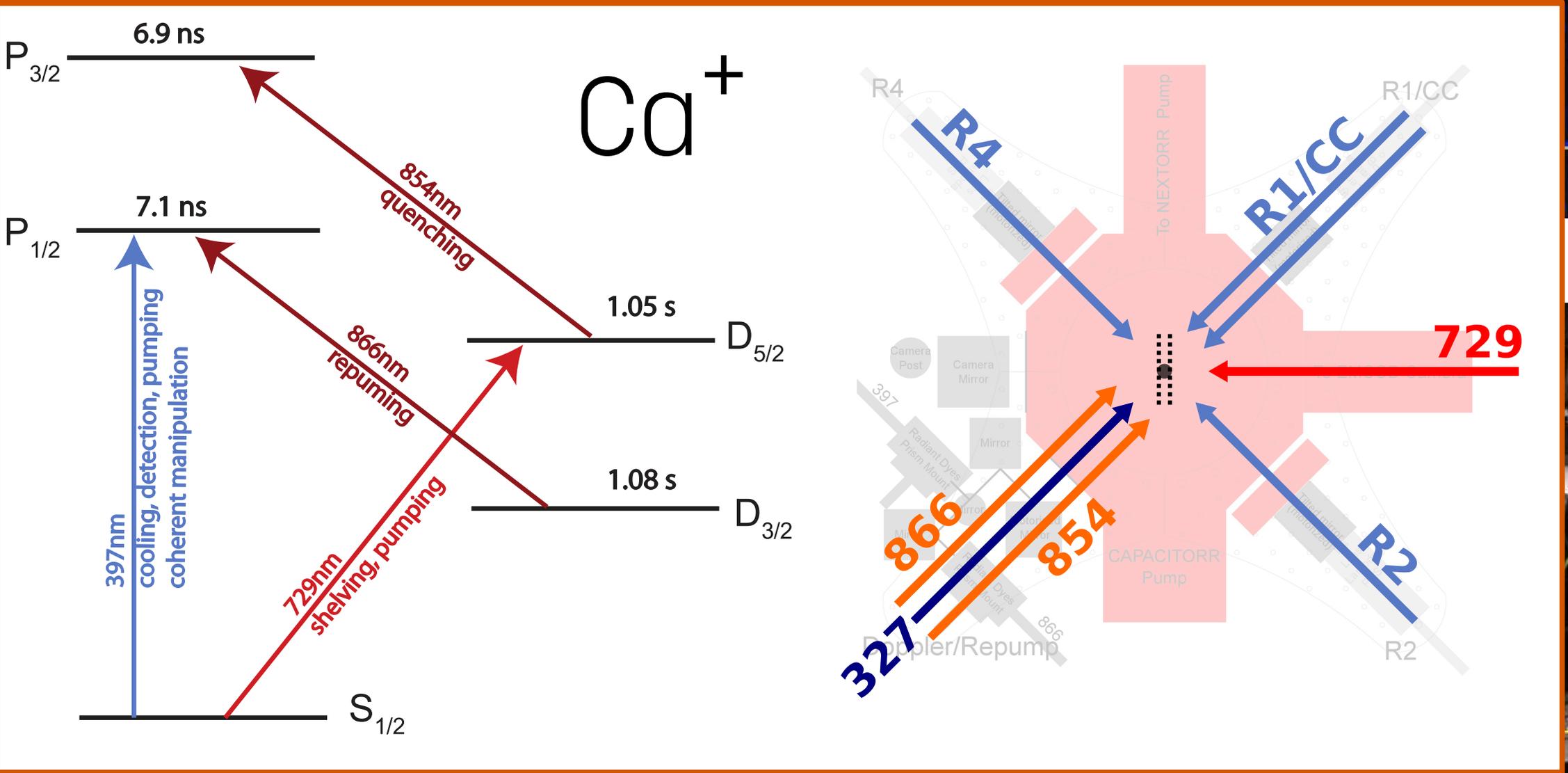
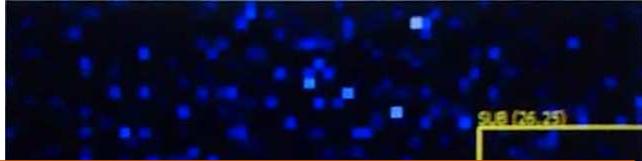


# Comentarios finales

## Trampa de iones - Mainz



## Trampa de iones - Mainz



## Trampa de iones - Mainz

### Pound-Drever-Hall

modulación:  $\sim 30$  MHz

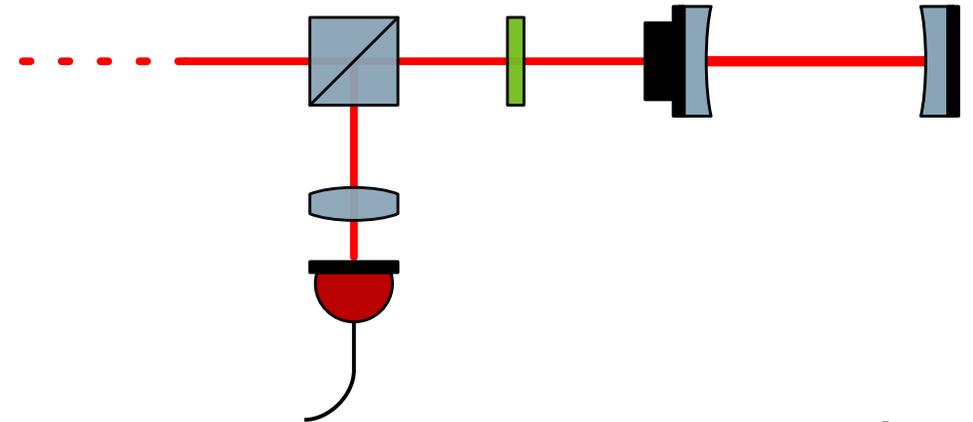
colaboración con LIAF - FCEN-UBA

5 láseres para el experimento

Control de  $\lambda$  por PDH

Módulos RP para:

- Generación de RF
- Demodulación Lock-in
- Control PID

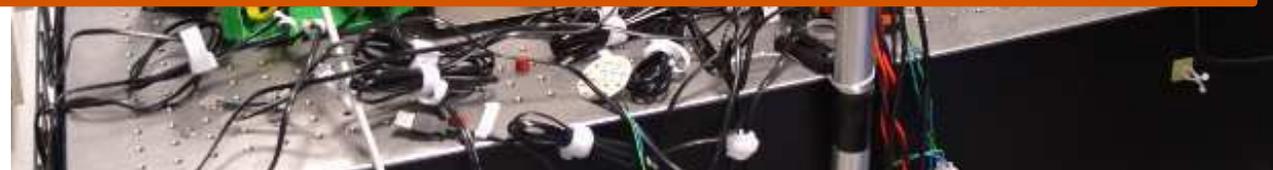


automatización

monitoreo

control remoto

integración



A photograph of an astronaut in a red spacesuit floating in a space station corridor. The astronaut is seen from behind, with their right arm raised. The corridor has a repeating pattern of octagonal panels and recessed lighting, creating a strong sense of perspective. The text "Muchas Gracias" is overlaid in the lower center of the image.

**Muchas Gracias**

**¿Preguntas?**